

BUSINESS MEN SEE
GOOD TRADE AHEAD

No Serious Effects of Flood Here.
And Conditions Will Improve
With Complete Train Service.

HIGHWAYS ARE IN FAIR SHAPE

With Completion of Damaged Roads
and Culverts Travel to City is
Possible From all Directions.

Business conditions are steadily improving in this city since the flood and men who are acquainted with the situation do not believe that any serious effect will be felt here. Since the water has receded and many of the culverts that were washed out replaced, a large number of farmers are coming to the city every day, purchasing supplies which are needed. A few whose household goods were swept away or damaged have purchased new furniture or any other articles needed to equip their homes. Fortunately the roads in the immediate vicinity of Seymour were not seriously damaged by the high water and travel is possible upon all of them.

Considerable inconvenience has been caused by the delayed mail and impaired railroad service, but with scores of men at work upon all lines, trains will be running into Seymour as usual in a short time. Some of the dealers have experienced some trouble in receiving shipments of goods, as none of the freight trains are running on the steam lines and only limited shipments can be made by express. The Indianapolis & Louisville Traction Railway Company has greatly aided conditions in Seymour as good passenger service has been maintained since the flood and freight cars are handling all the shipments to and from the city.

In one respect the flood has caused additional money to be placed in circulation as hundreds of men, who are working out of Seymour on the various railroad sections, are boarding here and Seymour merchants will receive a good share of their wages. Since the freight trains are again placed in service, the traffic will be unusually heavy as large shipments have been delayed and for a while at least practically every crew on the B. & O. S-W. will be employed steadily.

One highly commendable feature of the flood was that local merchants did not materially boost prices. In some cities a severe hardship was worked upon the stricken people by unscrupulous dealers, who took advantage of the situation to enhance their profits upon commodities which were needed in every home. At no time during the flood or since has there been any real want in Seymour and the merchants with the large stock of goods which they carry at all times were able to supply all demands. In some of the smaller towns this condition did not exist and the small stock of groceries carried by the dealers were soon consumed and the towns threatened with famine.

Many of the local merchants have already received their complete lines of spring goods and the few shipments that have been delayed will arrive shortly. As usual the Sey-

mour merchants are prepared to show the most up-to-date lines in all departments, which has been instrumental in making Seymour the central trading point of southern Indiana.

REPAIRING I. C. & S. LINE

Officials Expect to Have Cars Into
Seymour by First of Next Week.

Over one hundred fifty men are employed on the Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern traction line repairing the road bed and bridges that were damaged by the high water. The greatest loss occurred between Seymour and Columbus and in the vicinity of Edinburg. Quite a number of small bridges were completely swept away and it is necessary to rebuild these before traffic can be resumed. The telephone line used by the company for giving orders is still out. Several of the wires were caught in the drift and this must be removed before the lines can be placed upon the poles. Several fills were washed out by the current near Edinburg and north of Seymour and these cause some delay.

The officials expect to have cars into Seymour by the first of next week. The construction train is running over part of the line but cannot make a complete trip from Seymour to Indianapolis until the bridges have been rebuilt. The power house at Edinburg was partly filled with water, and some of the machinery submerged, but it is stated that sufficient power can be furnished to operate the cars as soon as the track is ready. The damage to the power house was only slight. The machinery at Redington was not damaged to any extent.

CALLED TO DAYTON

Rev. Chas. E. Watkins Will Not Arrive
Until Saturday.

Rev. Chas. E. Watkins, who was to have begun a series of revival meetings at the First Baptist church Wednesday evening, telegraphed the pastor, Rev. F. M. Huckleberry, this morning that he had been called unexpectedly to Dayton, Ohio, and that he would arrive in Seymour Saturday. There will be preaching by the pastor this evening to which all are cordially invited. No service Friday evening.

To the Methodist Germans in Seymour

Our churches and brethren in Dayton, Hamilton, Pomeroy and Portsmouth, all in Ohio, have suffered severely from high water. The property of some of the membership has been washed away and possibly some lives lost. The church and parsonage in Dayton had 14 feet of water. For the relief of our brethren monies will be collected in our churches next Sunday to be administered by the pastors of the named churches.

William A. Schruoff, Pastor.

A few of the novelties you will find at the Barlow Gift Shop, 408 Indianapolis Ave: California flower bead chains made from crushed roses, orange blossoms, violets, heliotrope, carnation, clover, forget-me-nots and poppies. Something different in oak split and willow baskets, trays, tyrols, hearth brooms and flower holders from the Biltmore industries at Asheville, N. C. German silver filigree, laces and fancy work, Japanese flower holders and gold picture frames.

Five and six ply guaranteed Garden Hose 10 and 12 cents per foot.
a5d Carlson Hardware Co.

FIELD EXAMINERS
VERIFY ACCOUNTS

R. C. James and J. D. Smith, From
State Board of Account at
Work in Seymour.

CHECK UP CITY OFFICIALS

Considerable Time Will be Given to
First Report as it Will Furnish
Basis for Others.

R. C. James and J. D. Smith, field examiners from the state board of accounts, are in Seymour to check up the books of the city officials. They were assigned to the city and town corporations in Jackson County and completed the work at Crothersville and Brownstown before coming here. The accountants went to Brownstown before the flood and were marooned there for more than a week. They will verify the books of the mayor, clerk and treasurer.

The accountants began the task this morning in the office of the treasurer but were unable to say just when it would be completed. This is the first examination that has been made of the books of the city officials by the accounting board and more time will be required on this occasion than in future examination.

The department gives instruction as to how many years shall be covered by the examination and the examiners are expecting this information tomorrow. However, it is believed that none of the books prior to 1906 will be verified unless the accounts are examined to check up receipts or disbursements of a later date.

After the system of bookkeeping used by Clerk John Hauenschild and Treasurer C. W. Burkart was explained, Mr. Smith complimented the method and said that the accounts were evidently well kept and that he did not believe any trouble would be experienced in verifying the records. In many cities the different funds are not separated with any degree of accuracy and this causes the examiners much trouble.

Mr. Smith said that in some towns where he had examined the books very little attention was given to the accounts by the committee whose duty it is to verify them and that the records were in bad condition. Frequently the school fund is used to pay bills which should be paid from other funds.

After the examination is completed a summary of the records will be made by the accountants and filed with the state department. This summary will show the assets and liabilities, bonded indebtedness and all other facts connected with the city government. All future examinations will be based upon this report.

The books in the treasurer's office will be verified first and then attention will be given to the clerk's accounts. The Mayor's docket will also be checked up and the amount of money received and paid by him will be included in the final report.

Spinach, Kale, Tomatoes, Head
and Leaf Lettuce, Sweet Potatoes,
Radishes, Green Onions. People's
Grocery. a3d

BROWN RELEASED
UPON PROBATION

Given His Liberty After Being Held
in the Bartholomew County Jail
For More Than Two Weeks.

ALL CHECKS WERE MADE GOOD

Was Arrested Near Langdons After
He Tried to Secure Money at
Crothersville State Bank.

James M. Brown, who was held in the Bartholomew county jail for more than two weeks on a charge of issuing and passing fraudulent checks, was released this afternoon upon a two years' probation. He was arrested near Langdons after trying to pass a check at the Crothersville State Bank. The bank officials telephoned to Columbus regarding the check and it was suspected that he was the same man wanted there for passing a check upon A. Tross, a merchant.

The Columbus officials arrested him and he was returned to Bartholomew county. Shortly after his arrest his parents, who live near Spraytown, and other relatives became interested in his case and between them the amount of the checks was made up. Brown had an account at the First National Bank and this was overdrawn. He also gave a check for a small amount to William Carmine, of Spraytown, who cashed it at the store of a local merchant.

All of the checks were made good and the court costs at Columbus were paid. It was supposed that the prisoner would be released several days ago, but it appears that there was another outstanding check and his release was ordered as soon as this was settled. All the checks given were for small sums.

Brown was released on a two years' probation. He has transacted some business with merchants in this city, and many believed that his account was overdrawn by mistake and that he had no intention of defrauding the people to whom the checks were given.

SECTION MAN HURT

Harry Amos Seriously Injured While
Working Near Rockford.

Harry Amos, a section employe of the Pennsylvania Lines, was seriously injured Wednesday afternoon while working near Rockford with the trackmen who are repairing the roadbed. Amos and several other men were pulling on a cable, but it snapped and the men fell backwards. Amos fell into a hole and it is feared that his spinal column is injured.

He was removed to this city and was suffering from partial paralysis. His home is in Sellersburg and at his request he was taken to that place. No bones were broken.

Dr. Warner rust proof corsets at
The Day Light Store. d&wtf

Watch for our announcement. Mc-
Coy-Thompson Garage. d&wtf

STOVES STORED—203 South
Chestnut St. Phone 714. a17d

Republican Want Ads. Get Results.

BETTER BE
SAFE
THAN SORRY

Better have GOOD insurance NOW and not suffer fire loss and then discover that the company behind your policy is in strained financial condition.
The fire insurance written here is placed in companies that have gone through heavy fire disasters without their policy holders having their claims held up one minute because of scarcity of funds. OUR companies are ALL strong, safe, reliable.
OUR fire insurance costs no more and it is REAL insurance.

Fred Everback
Over Loertz Drug Store.

EDUCATIONAL EXHIBITS

Prepared by Purdue University For
Use at County Fairs.

"It is generally recognized," says G. M. Frier, of the Agricultural Extension Department of Purdue University, "that people the whole state over, people in all professions and in all lines of business are becoming much interested in better farming." "People everywhere are beginning to see that by every possible means we must learn to adjust ourselves and our farming operations to the new and difficult conditions of these modern times. This means that we must employ the best of business principles to the business of farming and the best and most up to date methods to livestock and crop production in order to get the largest returns.

Just at this time educational exhibits are being prepared at Purdue University. These exhibits are wholly agriculture in character and are designed for use at county fairs. They afford an opportunity for all classes of people to get into close touch with Purdue and its work. No one who reads and observes will fail to realize that the work of the Purdue University Experiment Station has resulted in millions of dollars for Indiana farmers. Purdue Educational Exhibits bring clearly to all who visit them at the fairs and talk to the men in charge, the value of institution and its work. More than this the displays Purdue plans to make serve as a basis for valuable discussion of important farm topics with the men in charge. Practical information on better farming will be obtainable in connection with the exhibits. Valuable agricultural literature will be given to those desiring it. Improvements have been made in the exhibits so that they cannot fail to be more interesting and more effective than ever before. All departments of the school of Agriculture and Experiment Station are represented—Soils and Crops, Livestock, Horticulture, Dairying, Poultry, Botany, Veterinary, Domestic Science and Agricultural Extension. Farmers and others cannot but be greatly benefitted by studying the exhibits.

It is believed that with the demands for assistance that are coming from farmers and with the idea prevailing that the county fair can be made a strong factor in the development of agriculture, county fair officials will be glad to take steps to secure one of the exhibits. This can be done at a very small expense. Those interested should write to the Agricultural Extension Department, Purdue University, Lafayette, Indiana.

REDUCTION IN PRICE
HONEY BOY FLOUR

On and after today the Honey Boy sacks will contain 13 per cent. more flour than formerly and yet will retail at same old prices: 25c, 50c, 75c. No reduction in the matchless quality. Honey Boy Flour saves time, labor, thought and money. a5d
March 29, 1913.

Notice to Eagles.

Reception for minstrel cast at Eagles' Hall, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. All members of the lodge and their families invited.
Committee. a3d

About Every Third Man

Carries in his pocket, a watch that needs our attention. Are you one of these third men?
a4d W. Stratton & Son, Jewelers.

Seymour Business College Phone 403.



MARK THIS DOWN!

Anything you want in pure, fresh drugs of highest grade, you can get here. We handle only reliable first class goods. Purity and quality guaranteed. Nothing whatever is misrepresented. And our prices are always the lowest. Special attention given to prescriptions.

Rucker's Drug Store
Opp. Interurban Sta. Phone 789.

PRESIDENT WILL
ISSUE NEW ORDER

Regulation Will Place About 1,000
Postmasters in Indiana Under
Civil Service.

WILL APPLY TO THIS COUNTY

Postmasters of All Fourth Class
Offices Will be Required to Take
The Examination.

President Wilson is about to issue an executive order that will affect about 1,000 postmasters in Indiana, including several in Jackson county. Probably all postoffices in this county will be affected with the exception of those at Seymour and the larger towns.

A dispatch from Washington tells of the expected order as follows:

Washington, April 3.—President Wilson's first executive order has been prepared and is ready to be issued. It is an order that will affect at least 1,000 postmasters in Indiana. It was discussed at yesterday's Cabinet meeting and is likely to be issued at any time.

The order annuls the executive orders of Roosevelt and Taft covering fourth-class postmasters under the civil service blanket and throws all such offices where the receipts are \$500 a year or more, open to civil service examination.

This order is expected to have two notable results. It will bring about wholesale resignations of fourth-class postmasters who will refuse to take the examinations, and it will terminate in giving at least half, and perhaps a considerable majority, of these offices to democrats.

It is said that at present at least 90 per cent. of the fourth class postmasters in northern states are republicans.

The order was written by Postmaster General Burleson and is approved by President Wilson. It is also approved by the civil service commission. Altogether it will affect more than 50,000 postmasters in the United States.

The order has the hearty approval of Senators Shively and Kern and all of the Indiana representatives who are in Washington. It is believed it will be a partial step toward appeasing democrats who want to see some of the offices passed out to democrats.

Attention Canton No. 11!

I. O. O. F. Regular meeting tonight to prepare for visit to Scottsburg. All officers and chevaliers urged to be present.
H. R. Luckey, Com. a7d

Save money regularly by taking stock in the new series E of the Co-operative Building and Loan Association. The series starts Monday, April 7. a7d

PIANO TUNING—And repairing, strictly first class work, guaranteed. Drop me card for free information on care of pianos. Phone 149. J. H. EnDaly. a14d

Automobile owners; let us figure on your tires. Oakland Sales Company. Second and Indianapolis Ave. a5d&w

MAJESTIC
THEATRE

2—BIG ACTS—2

Dick and Fannie Mason
UNIQUE COMEDY ENTERTAINERS

—INTRODUCING—
Original Songs, Eccentric and Buck
and Wing Dancing.

"BELZEBUB"

"The Mimic" and Novelty Imitator

A "UNDER THE MAKE UP" (Vita.)
B "A WILL AND A WAY" (Ed.)
C "THE DECEIVER" (Vita.)

Prices, Lower Floor 10c. Balcony 5c.
Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m.
\$5.00 in gold given away Friday night.

FREE

One Violet Dulce Boudoir Combination,
consisting of tooth paste, soap,
talcum and face powder, given free
with one ounce of Intense Perfume or
one box of Violet Dulce Cold Cream.

For this week only at

Andrews Drug Co.
The Rexall Store

Registered Pharmacists. Phone 633

Complete Line
—OF—

Garden Seeds
Both Loose
& Package

Seed Potatoes,
Hoes, Rakes,
Shovels
at the lowest prices.

HOADLEY'S

DREAMLAND
NO. 1 and No. 2

A Frontier Mystery

(101 Bison Western)
No. 3—"The Marriage Lottery" "Co-
coa Industry at Panama"
(Imp. Comedy Educational)

"101 Bison" always good. See this
2 Reeler tonight. Admission 5 cents.

New Colonial

5c—TONIGHT—5c
"KEEPING UP APPEARANCES"
(Lubin)

THE PERIL OF THE DANCE HALL
(Kalem)

"Love in The Apartment Hotel"
(Biograph)

REPORTS HABITS OF HEAD HUNTERS

Philippine Official Writes Hideous Facts.

METHODS OF THE IFUGAOS.

Six Out of Seven Tribes Practice Decapitation of Enemies—Use Heads as Ornaments In Houses—Families Lose Respect For Victims—Weird Burial Rites Are Observed.

Writing in the Geographic Magazine, Dean C. Worcester, formerly of the University of Michigan, now secretary of the interior of the Philippine Islands, gives some interesting particulars concerning the head hunters of the island of Luzon. Six of the seven of the tribes found in the northern part of the island have been addicted to head hunting. Take the Ifugaos, for example.

"When I first entered their territory in 1903," writes Mr. Worcester, "many of their houses were ornamented with fresh human skulls, and I saw various victims of head hunting raids.

"When an Ifugao war party returns with a head it executes a ceremonial march, or dance—one hardly knows which to call it—which defies successful description. The men have their split rattan raincoats on their backs. On the insides of these raincoats are pockets, which form convenient receptacles for gory trophies. The warriors carry beautifully fashioned and deadly steel headed lances and serviceable, plain board shields, strengthened by rattan lashings to prevent splitting. Zigzag white marks are painted on the shields, indicating a ceremonial occasion.

Creeping on Victim. "The warriors do not approach standing, but creep along the ground and in this position execute a sort of lock-step, beating upon their shields with billets of wood and bending in perfect unison far to the right and then far to the left. Some of the men make threatening motions with their lances. It is impossible for me to describe the weird effect produced, but I hope yet to be able to use a moving picture camera on a file of men engaging in this strange ceremonial, which they will doubtless soon forget, as head hunting has now practically ceased among them.

"When the dancing ground is reached the head is impaled upon a short stake and the warriors circle around it in the characteristic war dance of this tribe. Some of them take off their ornaments and hang them on the head, at the same time jeering at it as if it were capable of hearing and understanding them. Dancing and feasting may last for days.

Skulls as Ornaments. "Ultimately the skull, which has not been mutilated in any way, is boiled and thoroughly cleaned. The lower jaw is fastened in place with rattan and the trophy is taken home by the man who won it. It serves him as a household ornament. It may be placed with other skulls on a board shelf beside the door of his house; it may find a resting place within, over the fireplace; it may be placed outside at one corner, with the skulls of carabao and pigs which have been eaten at feasts.

"I have seen a house with a tasteful ornament frieze of alternating carabao skulls and human skulls extending around it at the height of the floor. I have seen others with great open work baskets of skulls under the eaves.

No Reverence For Victim. "A man who loses his head is considered to have treated his family and friends somewhat shabbily. He is not buried as an ordinary person would be, but is carried to a resting place on some hillside far from his native village. A tunnel is excavated in the earth, his body is carried into it and placed in a sitting position, and the tunnel is then filled. A lance is thrust into the ground over the grave to show that he was killed in war, and an anito image rudely fashioned out of grass may be left to watch over his last resting place."

SIMPLIFIED SPELLING TAUT.

Filadelfia Publik Skuls Wil Adopt Sism.

Simplified spelling will be taught in the public schools of Philadelphia. Superintendent of Schools Brumbaugh says that the system will be gradually introduced to avoid confusion.

"Simplified spelling to be taut in our skuls" is the slogan which will be carried by the various members of the board of education. Brumbaugh is confident that the spelling of today will be shaken from young pupils' heads. "If we spell as we pronounce," he said, "it will mean less affectation."

Chinese Have New Alphabet.

Chinese soldiers have formulated a new alphabet, after a study of all the alphabets of the world, which will supersede, it is said, the cumbersome ideograms which were the pride of the ancient Chinese as well as the puzzle of the modern world. Five vowels have been taken from the Latin, four from the Greek, four from the Russian, one from the Chinese and two are elongated signs, and seven are reversed ideograms. Fourteen consonants are Latin, three Russian and two Greek.

WOULD HAVE PEDIGREES OF ALL ALIENS SEARCHED.

Professor Tells of Ills of Heredity. Cites Instances.

The family tree of every immigrant should be thoroughly investigated before admission into the country, says Professor Carrie M. Derrick, M. A., an authority on biology and social reform. While lecturing on the subject in Montreal she pointed out specific cases of the feeble minded and degenerate propagating their species, delineating the pedigree of whole families of degenerates.

Professor Derrick instanced the familiar example of the Jukes family, which was descended from Max Jukes, a drunken and lazy wastrel, who in 1770 married a woman who was the mother of criminals. Of later descendants 300 had died in poorhouses, many had been feeble minded, and there had been 300 cases of infantile mortality. The Jukes family had cost the state altogether \$1,250,000. Contrasted with this was the family of Jonathan Edwards, who also married in 1770 and became the ancestor of a long line of clergy, physicians, college professors, distinguished army and navy officers and good women.

Miss Derrick attacked the modern theory that education and good environment have redeeming effects on character. With the aid of another tree—that of a prominent New Jersey family—she showed how the scion of a good family who ran wild in his youth became the ancestor of feeble minded descendants and alcoholics by wedding a feeble minded woman. By his second marriage to a normal woman, however, he had another family, whose descendants were good and useful people, many of them distinguished, with only two alcoholics in several generations.

INVENTS NARCOTIC BULLET.

New Missile Puts Victim to Sleep—Inflicts No Pain.

United States army officials are experimenting with an invention of Alexander F. Humphrey, a patternmaker, of Pittsburgh that may revolutionize warfare, big game hunting, policing and every line of work in which bullets play a part.

"Narcotic bullet" describes the invention in a word.

In his sleep producing missile Humphrey uses a minute particle of morphia. The drug is carried in tiny wells in the steel jacket of the regulation army bullet. Humphrey asserts that it in nowise interferes with the effectiveness of the missile.

"The soldier receiving a slight flesh wound from the new bullet," said Mr. Humphrey, "lights no more that day. He calmly stretches himself on the ground and goes to sleep. The man receiving a serious wound suffers no agony, as the narcotic from the bullet is absorbed by his system and he is insensible to pain before he reaches the hospital. The man whose wound is mortal sleeps away his last hours, thus doing away with the most of the battlefield horror.

"The fleeing burglar is shot in the arm, runs forward a short distance, stretches himself on the sidewalk, and all the policeman has to do is summon an ambulance and take him away."

SURGEONS 6,000 YEARS AGO.

Physician Describes Discoveries Made In Egypt.

Dr. F. M. Sandwith, consulting surgeon to the khedive, lecturing at Kensington town hall in London recently, said the first surgeon of whom he could find any record lived at the time of the fifth Egyptian dynasty and must have been court doctor to the Pharaoh some 4,000 years before Christ.

The first surgical implements of which anything was known, said Dr. Sandwith, were splints found in the Nubian desert. In one place a graveyard was found, and here were remains of bodies with fractured limbs that had been set with bark splints. One was a right thigh bone that had been broken and was still held in position by a workmanlike splint and bandages. All the knots were true reef knots, and the wrappings showed how the strips of palm fiber cloth were set just as a good surgeon would set them nowadays, so as to use the full strength of the fabric.

In other cases, said Dr. Sandwith, bodies were found with compound fractures where the broken ends of the bone had broken through the skin. Death seemed to have come very quickly after an accident of this kind, for no trace of healing of the bones was to be found.

WOULD PROHIBIT NEW HATS.

Unique Penalty Urged For Wearing of Odd Headgear.

Because his view was obstructed by the hats of women when he attended Easter church services Senator H. W. Brelsford of Austin, Tex., introduced a bill in the legislature making it unlawful for any female to wear in church or any public gathering any hat or headdress having a crown or any ornament exceeding two inches in height or a brim more than four inches wide. The penalty provision reads: "Any person who shall violate the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be deprived of the privilege of purchasing any new hat for a period of three years and then only be allowed to purchase one costing less than \$2 and to be of uniform design, cost and ornamentation."

MORGAN HELD FINANCIAL SCEPTER RECORD TIME

He Was a Power In Banking Circles For More Than a Third of a Century. His Son, J. P. Morgan, Jr., Will Take His Place as Head of Firm.

FINANCIAL circles are interested in the question of who will take the place of J. Pierpont Morgan in railroad and business affairs. His son, who has long been associated with him in business, will become head of the Morgan firm, but this does not necessarily mean that he will ever have his father's power. No one man stands out at this time as pre-eminently the leader. George F. Baker, head of the First National bank of New York and identified with fifty-eight big corporations, might fill the dead banker's shoes but for the fact he is seventy-two years old and is planning to retire soon.

"Banking is my business," was the answer given by J. Pierpont Morgan when questioned as to his vocation in various court proceedings.

He was an organizer of great industrial corporations, one of them the largest company in the world; he was the reorganizer of important railroads and dictated the financial policy of more than half the railroads of the country.

His prominence as a banker began with the syndicate which enabled the government to resume specie payments in 1879 and increased steadily from that time until his death.

His prominence in finance and in corporate management or control was of much longer duration than that of any of his predecessors or any of his prominent contemporaries and associates. A dozen years was the measure of Jay Gould's control over security markets and railroads. After no longer a time William H. Vanderbilt collapsed under the strain of extending the New York Central system and blocking the designs of his opponents. E. H. Harriman built up the most powerful railroad organization in the country's history until he came to be the dominating figure in railroad affairs, did all this work in ten years and was gone. Mr. Morgan was forty when he came to be regarded as a man of force and ability in finance, and he steadily strengthened his position for more than thirty years without weakening under the strain.

Had Many Interests.

From these and other men active in Wall street since the civil war Mr. Morgan differed widely in that his financial interests were not his only interests. In yachting, art, literature and travel he spent time that to many of his contemporaries must have seemed wasteful.

His father was a banker before him, and he was trained in the business here and abroad. The father, Junius Spencer Morgan, lived in Hartford with his father, Joseph Morgan, at the time in 1838 when New York city was devastated by its most disastrous fire. The old Aetna Fire Insurance company of Hartford encountered embarrassing losses in the fire, and Joseph Morgan, then proprietor of the City hotel, took hold of the company, reorganized it, saw it through its troubles and eventually realized a profit of \$150,000. With a third of the amount he started the son in the mercantile business in Boston.

The Boston enterprise, prospering, attracted the attention of George Peabody, the noted London banker and philanthropist. In the early fifties Mr. Peabody persuaded Junius Spencer Morgan to join him in London, and there was established the banking house of J. S. Morgan & Co., in which Mr. Peabody consented to act as junior partner. The house is still in existence with name unchanged, and it has long been the London house of J. P. Morgan & Co., New York. For several years J. P. Morgan, Jr., has been the senior partner.

Educated In Europe.

A few years before he started business in Boston Junius Spencer Morgan married a daughter of the Rev. John Pierpont, a lineal descendant of the Rev. James Pierpont, who was a contemporary of Elihu Yale and associated with him in founding Yale college. Their only son, John Pierpont Morgan, was born in Hartford, April 17, 1837, and was finishing his course in East high school of Boston as Pip Morgan, a none too brilliant student, when the London banking house was established and the family moved abroad. The son was graduated from the University of Gottingen in 1857.

From the university young Morgan went into the London banking house for two years. He then came to New York and entered the employ of Duncan, Sherman & Co. In the year of the outbreak of the civil war he helped to organize and became a member of the firm of Dabney, Morgan & Co. With this firm he remained until 1869.

After nine years of hiding his light under a bushel Mr. Morgan emerged in 1869 as an antagonist of Jay Gould and James Fisk, who at the zenith of their power were busily engaged in exploiting the Erie. As a tributary to the trunk line they went after the Albany and Susquehanna, a road in bad financial condition then, with its stock selling at 25 cents on the dollar, but as events proved—for in 1909 it paid an extra dividend of \$30 a share—a road

of great intrinsic value. Mr. Morgan had studied its possibilities as had they. He turned up at the stockholders' meeting with stock control, though not until the time of the meeting had it occurred to Mr. Gould and Mr. Fisk that their operation was opposed, least of all by young Morgan.

One Long Legal Fight.

There followed a legal fight, but if Mr. Gould had no trouble in securing appointment of a receiver from the Tweed judges Morgan and his associates were equally successful in getting their own receiver named by an up state judge. What was more to the point, the Morgan people persuaded Governor Hoffman to protect their receiver by calling out the militia.

During part of the contest the stock transfer books were hidden in an empty tomb in an Albany cemetery. There were as many as twenty-five lawsuits, but in the end the Morgan party triumphed, leased the road to



Photo by American Press Association. THE LATE PIERPONT MORGAN.

the Delaware and Hudson, which still controls it, and soon saw stock they had bought at 25 cents a share go above par.

The Drexels of Philadelphia had no New York house, and the financial primacy of Philadelphia, which waned with the decline of Jay Cooke, had already passed to New York. They were impressed with Mr. Morgan's achievement in Albany and Susquehanna, took him in as a partner and placed him in charge of the New York house of the reorganized firm of Drexel, Morgan & Co. Mr. Morgan did business under this firm name until 1895, although two years before he had become senior partner. In 1895 the firm was reorganized as J. P. Morgan & Co., and the Philadelphia business left to the Drexels alone. In that house, the house of J. S. Morgan & Co., London, and Morgan, Harjes & Co., Paris, Mr. Morgan did his business until his death.

"Doctor of Wall Street" In '93.

It was in the panic of 1893 and in the two or three years following that the Morgan office became known as the hospital for crippled railroads. Chauncey M. Depew dubbed Mr. Morgan the "doctor of Wall street," and the name stuck for several years or until the patients were all out of Mr. Morgan's care. Many of them Mr. Morgan refused to discharge from the hospital with clean bills of health for several years. These cases were those in which it was deemed necessary for the bankers supplying the money to retain control of the properties so as to see how the money was spent. There originated in this way the voting trust method of control.

The organization of the United States Steel corporation, with its capitalization of \$1,300,000,000, then as now the biggest company in the world, was the greatest of Mr. Morgan's achievements, yet the negotiations, tremendously difficult and complicated though they were, were carried through with unexampled speed.

Criticism Wounded Him.

To the United States Steel corporation from the time of its organization up to the time of his death Mr. Morgan gave more of his time than to any other business matter. When the corporation was launched he was very bitterly criticised for the extravagance of its capitalization. It was charged that the common stock of \$500,000,000 was all water, that it represented nothing and that sale of common stock was nothing more or less than getting something for nothing. When in the depression of 1903 the company was obliged to pass dividends on its common stock and the stock sold down to 8 after having been launched at 50 the criticisms became extremely bitter and spread all over the world.

There is no doubt that Mr. Morgan

felt these criticisms more keenly than he did any other attack ever made upon him, even in the period of bitterness and misunderstanding following the Cleveland bond issues. It was accordingly one of the happiest days of Mr. Morgan's life when in 1906 the company was able to resume dividends on its common stock and resume them under such conditions as to give good assurance of permanency.

In the two years when no dividend was paid the company had appropriated from earnings very large sums for new construction, and long before Mr. Morgan's death was able to show that it had put into new construction at least \$350,000,000, representing actual fixed value for the common stock in addition to what it had at the time of the company's organization.

Mr. Morgan was the first American banker to handle a foreign loan, refunding the Mexican government's debt of \$110,000,000 in 1899. Since that time few foreign loans had been placed here until the last year. Now all the international banking houses consider it as important from the standpoint of the country's prosperity to place American money abroad as to have foreign money here.

How Much Was He Worth?

Many estimates of Mr. Morgan's wealth have been made. It has never been suggested that it was as great as John D. Rockefeller's, whose fortune is often appraised at a billion. The average guess on the Morgan fortune is \$500,000,000. Others range all the way from \$250,000,000 to \$750,000,000. One guess is probably as good as another.

People who go into statistics have liked to compile tables showing the Morgan resources. One of them recently demonstrated to his satisfaction that Mr. Morgan controlled financial institutions and corporations with resources of \$14,000,000,000. The table was imposing, but the so called table of resources was a table of capitalization of all companies in which Mr. Morgan had influence.

Mr. Morgan himself was a director in but three important railroad systems, New York Central, New York, New Haven and Hartford and Erie. Erie was under his control, but the New Haven had Kuhn, Loeb & Co. as fiscal agents and it was only as fiscal agent of the Central and through association with the Vanderbilts that Morgan's influence was important there. He was not a railroad manager. He knew "nothing about traffic," he once testified, but exercised influence in railroading simply as a banker.

His Railroad Interests.

The Morgan firm was in control of the Southern Railway and was influential in the Northern Pacific, the Burlington and the Atchafalpa. Mr. Morgan was also regarded as the most influential person in the Reading, Lehigh Valley and Jersey Central, and in the anthracite trade generally. He assisted in the financing of various transit and tunnel lines in New York city.

The only other important Morgan transportation company is International Mercantile Marine, one of the less successful of the Morgan promotions. The British government at the start dealt the combination a hard blow by subsidizing the Cunard line and thus keeping it out of the combine.

His Son the Boss Now.

J. P. Morgan, Jr.—Jack Morgan or Young J. P., as he has long been called—is by no means a young man or an inexperienced one. He is well along toward fifty and has been engaged in business with his father since his graduation from Harvard. For many years he has been head of the firm's London house. But ordinarily when his father was abroad the son had general charge of the business here, subject to the daily cables constantly passing between the elder Morgan and his firm. He is the senior member of the house now and, as was his father, is the boss.

The new head of the firm resembles his father in appearance and in the direct and incisive manner of his work. He is a "yes and no" man, of few words, but of sure and prompt decision. Like his father, he gained his earlier training in banking abroad and supplemented it with long experience here. Between the two men the only observable difference has been that the younger is smoother or more suave. He has little of the brusqueness which the father was wont to show in moments of impatience.

Philanthropy Hidden In Ledger.

Mr. Morgan's gifts and benefactions, though incomparable with those of Andrew Carnegie and John D. Rockefeller, were more numerous than has been generally known. He was as reticent regarding them as on any other personal or business matter. A great many of his gifts never will be known unless the knowledge can be extorted from the keeper of a private ledger in which these accounts were kept.

Mr. Morgan's gifts to literature and art, which were the most costly of his public benefactions, are well known. The largest single gift was \$4,500,000 for the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. The next was \$1,350,000 for the establishment of the lying-in hospital near his favorite St. George's church, of which he was long a warden. For a new parish house and rectory for St. George's church he gave \$300,000 and numerous smaller sums like \$100,000 to the Young Men's Christian association.

In 1861 Mr. Morgan married Miss Amelia Sturgis. She died the following year. In 1865 he married Miss Frances Tracy, who survives. They had four children, a son, J. P. Morgan, Jr., and three daughters, Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton and Miss Anne T. Morgan.

A RIDE ON WINGS OF THE CYCLONE

How a Shoe Salesman Saw Towns Crushed.

STOOD ON A SPEEDING TRAIN

Witness on Rear Platform Traveling In Heart of Devastating Wind, Sees It Creep About Villages and Sweep Them Away—Houses Crumpled and Tossed About.

Living, breathing and traveling in the heart of one of the greatest hurricanes which ever has swept over the United States, leaving death and destruction in its wake, was the experience of W. P. Commar, a shoe salesman, who stepped off of the Burlington train after traveling for miles with a cyclone that wiped whole towns off the map.

"I never want to witness another thing in this world so fraught with horror," he said. "I boarded the train at Lincoln, Neb., and traveled in the heart of the cyclone for miles and watched its deathlike hand creep about the towns we passed and crush them in a twinkling. I helped to carry in the human beings who, bruised, crushed and hysterical, we stopped to pick up and take to Omaha for medical attention.

"I had stepped out on the back platform for a breath of air. It was about 5 o'clock, maybe a little before, and I noticed a peculiar light in the sky. If you have ever read south sea island stories you will know that an uncanny, yellow glare seems to precede a hurricane. Well, there was that light in the sky when I noticed it first. But there was something else that seemed far more terrible to me at the moment.

"I don't know that I can describe it, except to say that at first thought some one behind me had whispered. It was a whisper, but a whisper of voices we are not supposed to hear in this world. It was sibilant, strange, ethereal, and it sounded like the peculiar sucking hiss that one hears when a train rounds a curve. But there was a strange power back of it. I don't know why it affected me in the manner it did. But somehow it was a forecast—a threat of frightful things to come.

Cloud Grew Larger.

"All the time the sound grew, and I noticed that the queer cloud in the sky was growing larger. It was black and cone shaped, with the small end toward the earth. Then I knew what was going to happen. I was fascinated. A moment before there had been light, clear and white, with just a gentle wind to ruffle the few clouds in the sky. Now all was changed.

"The gentle whistle had grown to a roar, and strange mutterings filled the air. Then all of a sudden I saw that the high cloud was enveloping everything. For a moment my heart stopped, and my breath seemed to be drawn from me as if by a powerful bellows. My face was peppered with flying gravel. There was a terrific roar, a shuddering of the earth, and the cyclone had crossed our trail not fifty feet behind us.

"For a moment I could not catch my breath. My face was stinging with the sand and gravel that had been hurled against me. I went inside the car.

"The wind crossed the track and swept on in a northeasterly direction, as near as I could tell. By that time we were near Ralston, Neb., which is within twenty-five or thirty miles of Omaha. Far up the track I could see the lights of the town. For one moment I wanted to hide from the sight, but curiosity dominated me and I returned to the platform. There was one man there, a Mr. Coon, and we were soon joined by other passengers.

"Not a man of us said a word. Fascinated, we watched that little group of houses where human beings were waiting unknowingly for the hand of Providence to strike them. I felt like crying out a warning to them, but the vacuum following the storm, stole my breath again, and my reason finally got the better of my impulse.

One Crash For Whole Town.

"One shattering crash, a whirlpool of flying wood, shingles, and with a roar of triumph that was nothing short of demoniacal the storm swept on. We looked again. From the chaos of swirling boards and debris there emerged now and then a house top. Whole buildings went rolling along the ground as if impelled by some force within them. Box cars on sidings, hurled through the night, split open with sickening crashes and ejected their merchandise. One of these cars, a car minus the usual trucks, was flung through the air to land in an open field. There followed a sickening sight, for with an unearthly screech the sides of the car fell apart and a number of men, railroad section hands, fell out. Some of them moved, some were whole, and some were torn to shreds.

"The engineer stopped the train, and we rushed over to the village. There was hardly a house standing in the way it was built. Everywhere, in every stage of life and death, were men, women and children. Faces into which color would never come again stared up at us. One man was rammed halfway through the side of a frame building. He was muttering when we reached him, but soon died."

FLOOD CAUSES GREAT MISERY

The Swollen Ohio Carries All Before It.

SITUATION AT EVANSVILLE

Flood Stage There Is Expected to Exceed Record Made in 1884, and Desperate Efforts Are Being Made to Prevent River's Encroachment Upon Sections of the City Rarely Menaced by the Onrushing Waters.

Evansville, Ind., April 3.—The top swell of the greatest flood that ever poured down the Ohio valley is catching Evansville. The river here probably will reach a stage a trifle in excess of the record height of the 1884 flood. Feb. 19 of that year the river reached 47.82 feet.

Water street is covered in the downtown section, and through the upper residence district along the river front and all along the edge of Sunset park the river is breasting the top of the ground.

In the lower district the river has struck across Ohio street at Pigeon creek and now forms a continuous lake at Sweetzer park, covering the ruins of the L. & N. bridge and just clearing the bottom of the wagon bridge alongside the railroad tracks.

On the other side of the creek the river is reaching into scores of homes, and at Howell a desperate fight was carried on to keep the water from breaking through a levee that protected Ingleside, a Howell suburb.

The United States weather bureau sent a bulletin declaring that the Wabash and Tennessee rivers were falling and that the Cumberland was at a stand. It says that the crest is about four days off from Cairo unless rain falls and the river channel is enlarged by the breaking of levees down river. The stage at that city depends largely on rain and the lower river channel's retention in its present boundaries.

Lower Wabash flood sufferers are still in great misery, and a government relief boat has left here carrying food and clothing and temporary supplies to people at the mouth of the Wabash and to Shawneetown, where a large number of refugees are destitute after the cutting of the dikes at that city.

Gus B. Green, river observer at Mt. Vernon, telephoned here that a large number of women and children are on a mound between New Haven and Concord, Ill., near George Yout's Landing, without food and in dire need of relief. There are several hundred cattle, sheep and horses on the mound. The Evansville relief boat will attempt to get succor to the marooned colony. There are 500 homeless families in Oakdale and other flooded sections of Evansville. In the lower residence section behind the levee in what is known as the Goose-town flats, now comprising the best residence section in the city, sewer inlets were built up to a height of eight feet to shut off the rising river.

MILITIAMEN IN DISTRESS

Company of Missouri National Guardsmen Swept Into the Flood.

Cairo, Ill., April 3.—Thirty-six men of the Sixth Missouri national guard are floating down the Mississippi river on a levee section ten feet wide and 200 yards long, which broke away at Bird Point, Mo., just below here. Commander McMunn of the naval reserves at once arranged for a steam launch and started out to rescue the Missouri soldiers. A pilot who understands the river course was taken along to guide the rescuers. There is a swift current in the river and the safety of the men is causing their commanding officers much worry. The regiment was on military duty in the town, which has been threatened for several days on account of the high waters.

With the highest flood waters on record passing Cairo the city is at a state of expectancy never before experienced. Every hour brings reports of trouble in other cities, the verification of the Scioto river has climbed to eighty, according to morgue records. Coroner Benkert said that he estimated that at least 125 bodies will be recovered.

Death List at Columbus.

Columbus, O., April 3.—The total number of bodies recovered in the west side debris left by the receding floods of the Scioto river has climbed to eighty, according to morgue records. Coroner Benkert said that he estimated that at least 125 bodies will be recovered.

Drummed Out of Town by Militia. Hamilton, O., April 3.—Humane Officer John E. Yeariglin and Robert Service were found guilty by Colonel Zimmerman and the military court of breaking into a box car of flood relief supplies and stealing hams, and then drummed out of town by the militia.

Paducah Is Hard Hit.

Paducah, Ky., April 3.—The flood situation here is growing worse hourly and the forecast is for four feet more of water. Should this occur only five blocks in the city will be out of water.

The River Falling Steadily.

Cincinnati, April 3.—The Ohio river is falling steadily and the government observer says that within a week the river will be within its banks.

WALTER H. PAGE

Who Takes Ambassadorship to the Court of St. James.



RELIEF OPERATIONS ARE WELL IN HAND

Army Has Its Work Down to a System.

Washington, April 3.—From his six days' trip into the flood districts of Ohio, Secretary of War Garrison has returned to Washington, and from now on will direct operations of the army in relief work from Washington. He has made to President Wilson a complete report of his trip to Ohio.

The secretary regained his touch with the flood situation on receipt by Major General Wood, chief of staff, of a long dispatch from Major J. E. Normoyle, who is now at Cincinnati, in charge of all the army relief operations.

Major Normoyle reported that the Muskingum valley has been hard hit. He is having a medical survey of the valley towns made. Many of these towns have been shut off from communication of all kinds. Reports from Peru, Ind., and Logansport, Ind., are that everything is in good shape and that no more government supplies of rations are needed. Lieutenant Reagan has been ordered to report at Louisville.

PASSED 1884 HIGH MARK

The Ohio River Has Broken Its Previous Flood Record.

Mt. Vernon, Ind., April 3.—The Ohio river has reached the fifty-two-foot mark on the gauge, which is three-tenths higher than it was in 1884, the highest water on record at this point. The city is filled with refugees who are being cared for by the citizens' relief committee. This city has been without any mail service for five days. The Ohio is expected to be at its highest here by evening, and a stage of fifty-three feet is expected.

So far not a single death has been reported in Posey county out of the thousands that have been rescued, but many thrilling escapes from the water are related.

TWO HUNDRED ARE DEAD

This Is the Estimate Coroner Makes of the Loss at Dayton.

Dayton, O., April 3.—The death list from the flood will exceed 200, according to the opinion of Coroner McKemy. He has thus far handled nearly 100 bodies, and it is his opinion also that at least twenty-five bodies were disposed of before he was released from his imprisonment by the flood. He believes that at least seventy-five bodies will be found among the debris and along the river bottoms.

Marietta No Longer Isolated.

Marietta, O., April 3.—This town, which has been flooded and cut off from all communication for seven days, at last has heard from the outside world. The people knew nothing of the Dayton, Columbus and other floods until the wires brought the news late yesterday. Property damage here has been heavy, but there is no loss of life.

Whole Town Inundated.

Morgantown, Ky., April 3.—Caseyville, on the Ohio river below here, was literally wiped off the map. The town is twenty feet under water. Five hundred of its people are camped on the hills back of the town. It is not known if there was any loss of life.

Aviator Falls to Death.

Paris, April 3.—Adjutant Yves Fener, military aviator, flying at a height of 300 feet, was instantly killed when his aeroplane turned turtle and crashed to earth.

TARIFF TOILERS ARE DISTURBED

Treasury Experts Show Weakness of the Bill.

AN ADDITIONAL COMPLICATION

Not Only Has the Revenue Problem Been Made Acute by Demands of Mr. Wilson For Further Reductions of Certain Schedules, but It Is Pointed Out That Bill as It Stands Will Fall Far Short of Needs.

Washington, April 3.—Greatly disturbed were Democratic members of the ways and means committee when treasury experts reported that the tariff revision bill which the committee has drawn would fall at least \$25,000,000 short of the amount that would be needed from customs sources to keep the wheels of government in motion. The revenue problem thus presented was made more acute by the expressed wishes of Mr. Wilson that many points of the bill, notably those relating to foodstuffs and farm products, be reduced below the figures tentatively agreed upon by the committee.

The developments in the tariff situation are leading to the conclusion that the bill to be introduced in the house will be President Wilson's own measure, that it will conform in detail to his wishes and that from the beginning he will be called upon to assume responsibility for it.

It was learned today that the Democrats of the ways and means committee not only have decided upon a graduated income tax, but they also have been considering seriously a provision designed to make the rate "flexible." This would be accomplished by conferring upon the president the power to increase or decrease the rates according to his judgment of the exigencies of the situation. This provision as explained by some of the Democrats would be intended to anticipate possible revenue emergencies.

The suggestion of conferring this power upon the president has been met with considerable doubt as to its constitutionality and the likelihood is that the committee will not risk an attack upon the bill in the courts through the insertion of such a provision.

Firebug Sent to Sing Sing.

New York, April 3.—Max Kleinberg was sentenced to Sing Sing for a maximum term of fifteen years for arson. Kleinberg pleaded guilty to an indictment found against him on the testimony of "Izzy the Painter," the self-confessed firebug, who said that Kleinberg employed him to set fire to his tailor shop.

Life Sentence For Murder.

Newcastle, Ind., April 3.—Clarence Parker was sentenced to prison for life by Judge Jackson after being found guilty of murder in the second degree. Parker was charged with killing Irvin White at Richmond after quarreling over 10 cents worth of pool chips.

Deed of Village Dynamiters.

Greenastle, Ind., April 3.—A pool hall was blown up by dynamite in Bell Union, a small town about eight miles west of this city. It is alleged the dynamiting was done by people of the community who objected to having such an institution in their village.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Mrs. Smith, wife of Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, is seriously ill at Washington.

A call for a national conference of Republicans looking to the rehabilitation of the party soon will be issued.

The treasury department began the month of April with \$80,050,448 as a working balance of the federal government.

The marriage of Princess Victoria Louise of Germany and Prince Ernest August of Cumberland, will take place at Berlin, May 24.

Gunboat Smith, the California heavyweight, knocked out Fred McKay of Canada in the second round of their New York fight.

The \$100,000 country home of Henry P. Davison, of J. P. Morgan & Co., at Glen Cove, overlooking Long Island sound, has been destroyed by fire.

The Rev. Dr. Otis A. Glazebrook, a well-known Episcopal clergyman of Elizabeth, N. J., is a candidate for appointment as minister to Switzerland.

It is said that the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough are about to be reconciled. It is added that the expected reconciliation is due to the efforts of Queen Mary.

Lady Pitman, the widow of Sir Isaac Pitman, the inventor of phonography, is dead at Bath, England. She was the second wife of Sir Isaac and married him in 1861.

The Democrats had a walkaway in the recent Chicago city election. They elected a judge of the superior court, city treasurer and city clerk and twenty-two of the thirty-seven aldermen.

The British exchequer got a windfall in an estate duty of \$1,237,070 on the estate of the late Sir James Coates, for many years manager of the famous thread firm's American business.

NORMAN E. MACK.

Former National Democratic Chairman Slated For Ambassadorship.



By American Press Association.

MONTENEGRINS TAKE SCUTARI'S KEY FORT

Heroic Deed of Picked Corps of Bomb Throwers.

Cettinje, April 3.—The reported capture of the great Tarakesch fort near Scutari by the Montenegrins is confirmed. The fortress was taken after desperate fighting at close quarters. Two hundred Montenegrins who were picked from the whole army led the attack. They were armed with bombs. Every one of the 200 bomb throwers was killed. The other Montenegrin losses are said to have been 300 killed and wounded.

Would Strip Them of Victory.

London, April 3.—Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey announced in the house of commons that as the Montenegrins had continued the bombardment of Scutari over the protest of the powers, the naval demonstration against the Montenegrin coast will proceed. The position of the Austrian fleet is not known. There are contradictory reports as to its movements. Nothing is known of what is going on at Tchataldja. One report has it that the Bulgars have withdrawn two miles on both flanks since their reported repulse on March 23.

NOT WELCOME AT CAPITOL

Chairman Barnes Ordered to Stay Away by Governor Sulzer.

Albany, N. Y., April 3.—Governor Sulzer has warned William Barnes, chairman of the Republican state committee, to keep away from the capitol building while the legislature is in session, or he would take steps to make him.

The governor was disturbed when he learned that Barnes frequently visits in the capitol the room set aside for the use of Senator Brown and Representative Hinman, Republican leaders. Mr. Barnes had a long talk with Senator Brown just before the senator introduced a resolution aimed at Governor Sulzer's impeachment for promising the railroad trainmen before election that he would sign the full crew bill if elected governor.

When Chairman Barnes learned of Governor Sulzer's edict he said: "I expect to exercise my individual rights as all other citizens do until the constitution is repealed withdrawing them. However, if it is personally uncomfortable to the governor for me to visit the capitol to watch the travesties on government daily occurring there, I shall be pleased to make my visits to the people's house which, as one of the people, I unquestionably have the governor's invitation to do."

Hurrying Morgan's Body Home.

Paris, April 3.—The train bearing the body of J. P. Morgan arrived here from Rome this morning at 8 o'clock. The body was taken to the St. Lazare station, where a special train was in readiness to convey it to Havre, where it will be placed on board the French liner France, bound for New York.

Princeton Votes Dry.

Princeton, Ind., April 3.—In the city option election here Princeton went "dry" by 48.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
New York.....	40	Cloudy
Boston.....	38	Clear
Denver.....	42	Cloudy
San Francisco..	46	Clear
St. Paul.....	40	Cloudy
Chicago.....	42	Cloudy
Indianapolis...	72	Clear
St. Louis.....	54	Clear
New Orleans...	62	Clear
Washington....	42	Cloudy

Showers and thunderstorms.

CHINA HAS GOOD FRIEND AT LAST

Uncle Sam Will Recognize New Republic.

DIPLOMATIC CORPS NOTIFIED

Important Decision Reached by President Wilson and His Advisers Immediately Was Referred to the Foreign Ambassadors at Washington With Request to Notify Their Respective Governments of This Action.

Washington, April 3.—That the Wilson administration has arranged for recognition of the Chinese republic and that the other governments have been informed of the forthcoming action of the United States is the understanding following the visit of practically the entire diplomatic corps of Washington to the state department.

Secretary of State Bryan received the diplomats one by one and gave each one a note drafted at the department to be communicated to their respective governments.

Each ambassador and minister was bound to secrecy as to what he was receiving and efforts were made in the secretary's office to prevent correspondents from interviewing Mr. Bryan's distinguished visitors. Mr. Bryan himself declined to discuss the matter, but would not deny it concerned the recognition of China.

It later became known at the White House that recognition of China had been decided upon by President Wilson and his advisers. It was said by White House officers that Mr. Bryan would give out a complete statement about the matter. Mr. Bryan, however, when seen at his office denied he would issue any statement on Chinese relations at this time.

No government has yet recognized the Chinese republic, although it has been established for about a year.

FIGHTING LOAN SHARK EVIL

Indianapolis Protects Flood Sufferers From Greedy Money Lenders.

Indianapolis, April 3.—The general relief committee has determined to place placards in the district that was affected by the flood, warning all the inhabitants to beware of loan sharks. The committee received reports that loan sharks were establishing offices in the district and pretending to be friends of the sufferers, and inducing them to make loans on their usual terms of exorbitant interest.

The general committee desires to say that there is one loan company with which the people can deal with assurance—a public welfare association formed by Indianapolis people to fight the loan shark evil.

Flood Stops Teachers' Meeting.

Indianapolis, April 3.—There will be no meeting of the Northern Indiana Teachers' association this year. The floods of last week interfered with travel to such an extent that it was found to be impossible for many of the teachers to get to Indianapolis for the meeting, which was scheduled to be held in this city the last three days of this week.

Met the Law's Requirements.

Lafayette, Ind., April 3.—The jury in the case of James McCormick, charged with the seduction of Ada Littleton, found that McCormick was not guilty. The jury decided that as the girl thought they were really married the requirements of the law had been lived up to and that they were and are man and wife.

Mrs. Pankhurst Released.

London, April 3.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, much tried and often jailed militant leader of the British suffragettes, has been released on bail. She renewed her promise of good behavior pending her trial in connection with the dynamiting of Lloyd George's country home in Surrey.

Dead Baby Found on Doorstep.

Gary, Ind., April 3.—When Mrs. N. Kondike went to her front door in answer to knocking, she discovered the dead and naked body of a two-weeks-old baby on her doorstep. Marks on the child's neck indicate it may have been murdered.

Teacher Kills Herself.

Indianapolis, April 3.—Miss Elsie Loeper, aged thirty-four, formerly a teacher in the city schools, committed suicide at her home by inhaling gas. Fear of a long illness is believed by members of the family to be the reason for the taking of her own life.

Methodists Meet at Anderson.

Tipton, Ind., April 3.—The seventieth session of the North Indiana conference is in session in the Kemp M. E. church, with Bishop W. F. McDowell of Chicago presiding.

Coal Oil Can Exploded.

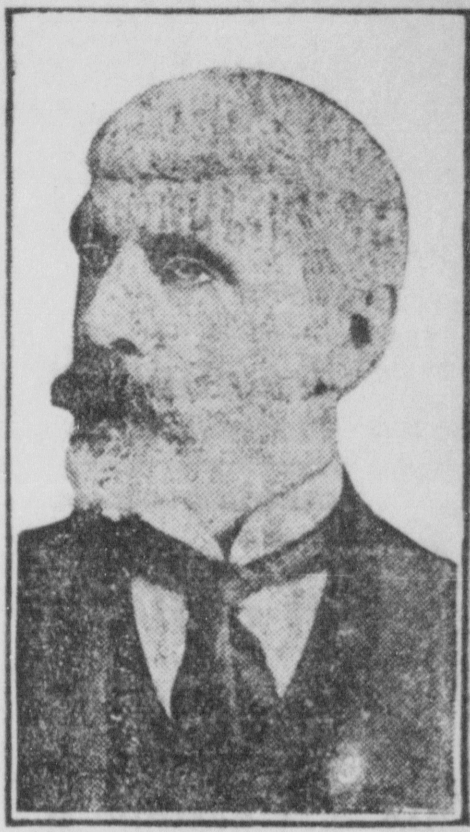
Richmond, Ind., April 3.—As the result of the explosion of a can of coal oil, ignited from a stove, two children of Webster Archie Ward were burned to death.

Atchison Struck by Cyclone.

Atchison, Kan., April 3.—A cyclone struck this city last evening and houses in the western part of the town were unroofed.

GEN. E. BURD GRUBB

Jerseyites Seek to Legislate Him Out of Office.



Trenton, N. J., April 3.—The report of conditions at the New Jersey Home for Disabled Soldiers, brought in before the senate, recommends that General E. Burd Grubb, superintendent of the home and also a member of the board of managers, be legislated out of the board. The finding of the committee followed charges of extravagance preferred against the superintendent.

UNPRECEDENTED FLOOD IN THE MISSISSIPPI

Father of Waters Expected to Break All Records.

New Orleans, April 3.—From Vicksburg to the gulf the Mississippi river will go two feet higher within the next few weeks than the highest stage reported last year, according to flood warnings issued by Captain C. O. Sherrill, United States army engineer, in charge of the Fourth district of the Mississippi river committee. It is feared that such a stage may spell disaster for the richest sugar and cotton sections of the country. Last year the maximum of the river gauge here showed nearly twenty-two feet. At that height, and even with the tide reduced by several immense crevasses, waters slopped over the New Orleans levees at a number of places despite the fact that they were topped with several rows of sandbags.

In view of the threatened unprecedented flood Captain Sherrill has issued orders to have the levees from Vicksburg to Fort Jackson on both sides raised to the flood stage of 1912 and men and material are being sent to low points along the river to take steps to combat the expected high water in the lower Mississippi.

Ideal weather conditions prevail throughout the valley and unless weather conditions change radically within the present week the Louisiana and Mississippi levees will be in splendid shape to withstand the pressure of the great storm of water.

Big Job for the Printer.

Indianapolis, April 3.—The printed acts of the recent legislature will issue from the secretary of state's office May 1. The acts will be the largest volume ever published. It will contain approximately 1,200 pages, 968 pages being taken up with the acts alone.

Lamp Exploded in Her Hands.

Noblesville, Ind., April 3.—Mrs. David Lydy, thirty years old, was burned to death when a lamp exploded in her hands and set her dress on fire.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.00; No. 2, \$1.03. Corn—No. 3, 54c. Oats—No. 2 white, 36c. Hay—Baled, \$9.00 @ 11.00; timothy, \$10.00 @ 12.00; mixed, \$10.00 @ 12.00. Cattle—\$2.00 @ 8.75. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.70. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 5.75. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 8.50. Receipts—100 cattle; 1,000 hogs; 50 sheep.

At Cincinnati.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.11. Corn—No. 2, 52c. Oats—No. 2, 34c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.75. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 10.00. Sheep—\$4.00 @ 6.75. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 9.75.

At Chicago.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.06. Corn—No. 3, 55c. Oats—No. 2, 37c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 9.10; stockers and feeders, \$5.00 @ 8.10. Hogs—\$5.30 @ 9.45. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 7.00. Lambs—\$7.40 @ 8.50.

At St. Louis.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.10. Corn—No. 2, 52c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 9.10. Hogs—\$5.25 @ 9.50. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 6.75. Lambs—\$7.00 @ 9.00.

At East Buffalo.
Cattle—\$3.50 @ 9.00. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.50. Sheep—\$5.00 @ 7.25. Lambs—\$6.00 @ 9.00.

Wheat at Toledo.
July, 93c; May, \$1.10; cash, \$1.10.

Building Material

The Very Best
at the
Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,
Sash, Doors and Blinds.

High Grade Mill Work

Veeneered Doors and In-
terior Finish.

Travis Carter Co.

Geo. F. Meyer

Drug Store

104 S. Chestnut St.

Phone 247

SEE—

John W. Stegner

For DRIVEN WELLS
and Pump Repairs.

119 South Broadway. Phone 650

"Will Go on Your Bond"

Will write any kind of
INSURANCE

CLARK B. DAVIS

LOANS NOTARY

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Piano Teacher,

Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

Fire, Lightning, Tornado and Automobile

Insurance

Phone 244

G. L. HANCOCK, Agt.

SEYMOUR, IND.

H. LETT, M. D. C.

Veterinary Surgeon

111 W. Third St., SEYMOUR.

Phones—New 643 and 644, Old 97 and 80.

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NOTARY PUBLIC

Office at the Daily REPUBLICAN
office, 108 West Second Street.

Frank Klosterman

Contracting House Painter

709 South Poplar Street
SEYMOUR, IND.

Dr. E. D. WRIGHT

Over Laupus Jewelry Store

PHONES: Office 184
Residence 677

THOS. J. CLARK

Fire, Accident and Tornado

Insurance

Surety Bonds

Opera House Block, Seymour, Indiana

BAGGAGE TRANSFER.

Call Phone 468 for transfer
of baggage or light hauling in
all parts of the city. Residence
phone 612-R. SAM S. WIBLE.

FIRE INSURANCE

A few dollars invested today
may save you thousands tomorrow

E. W. BLISH, Room No. 12 Postal
Building

W. H. BURKLEY

REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
and LOANS

SEYMOUR, INDIANA

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-
office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY

One Year \$5.00
Six Months 2.50
Three Months 1.25
One Month .45
One Week .10

WEEKLY

One Year in Advance \$1.00

THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1913.

THE LESSON OF THE FLOOD.

Since the departure of the calamitous flood leaving scenes of wreck and ruin here and there throughout the states of Indiana and Illinois, it is timely that some thought be given to the causal conditions. At first flush some might say that the solution is simple and that the deluge of water was due entirely to an unusually hard rainstorm, verging closely upon a cloudburst in many sections of the two states, causing the rivers and streams to submerge the surrounding country for miles.

The rainfall is indisputably the principal cause but there are other reasons which have been brought about with the settlement and improvement of the country. Heavy rains have been recorded in previous years and the accompanying damage was not recorded.

It is apparent that in recent times, the rivers rise more rapidly than previously. This is in a large measure due to the system of drainage in use in the low lands, which the owners hope to convert into tillable farms. In Jackson county there are thousands of acres of land situated in the vicinity of the rivers and streams which are under modern systems of drainage. The water which formerly remained upon this land is now thrown at once into the streams through the tiles and ditches that have been built for that purpose. As this improvement is general in thickly populated communities, an enormous volume of water reaches the river more quickly than before with the result that the banks are unable to hold it and the river must spread over the surrounding territory. A swift current is started by the rapid in-pouring of water from all directions and sweeps the property in its path.

The heavy forests, which formerly covered this state, were undoubtedly instrumental in preventing such floods as the one recorded last week. Under the trees was a carpet of grass and other vegetation, which kept the soil from washing and also aided in the absorption of the water. Since these forests have been removed, the ground has been cultivated and in this condition will wash more easily than if the natural protection remained. The treeless banks along the rivers are gradually caving in under the dash of the waves and the ground reappears at another point. At some places this change is so pronounced that the course of the current has been changed.

In the cities as well as in the rural districts, conditions have been revolutionized. Practically every town and city of any size has miles of paved streets through which the water cannot penetrate and is carried on to the outlet which is usually at the closest river. Before the paved streets became in vogue so generally, the water was absorbed by the soil with the well known result that the streets would be muddy for days and were often times practically ruined by the water, which filled the holes and ruts for days.

While these are contributory causes, the changes are necessary for the welfare of the country and its people. Nevertheless it may mean that the problem of forestry will be given closer attention and plans will be studied out by which the disastrous effects may be overcome.

The flood teaches us that country roads and bridges should be constructed more substantially. In the recent deluge of water some of the larger bridges withstood the pressure

of the current and were apparently not damaged. We may also learn that the county roads should be provided with an adequate system of drainage, so that the flood water as far as possible will seek the ditches rather than the roadbed. The old adage, "What is worth doing at all is worth doing well," applies in this distance with telling force, as it has been found that a well constructed road is cheaper in the long run than a poor one.

The destruction of property in the flood last week was heavy. The loss on public highways alone will amount to millions of dollars and it will be months before all of the roads are again in good condition. Such a flood as this will result in great damage, but wherever possible care should be exercised to minimize the loss and the lesson taught can be used to good advantage in guarding against similar damage in the future.

Complaint has been made at Columbus that a resident plowed up a section of a street and alley and put in a small crop of oats. Since the flood water receded up north it must be difficult to tell where the village stops and the rural district begins.

ASKS AID OF RED CROSS.

Governor Wants Representative to Consider Situation.

In the hope of obtaining a large fund to be used in the work of rehabilitation, Governor Ralston asked today that a representative of the American Red Cross Society come to Indianapolis to consider the Indiana flood situation.

The Governor is uniformed as to whether the American Red Cross Society will provide money for any purpose other than to give temporary relief, but he hopes that a representative of the society, after investigating the conditions in this state, will recommend the use of money in rehabilitating wrecked homes in various parts of the state.

In answer to appeals for relief of flood sufferers Governor Ralston yesterday sent \$500 in cash to Brookville and directed that \$500 worth of provisions be shipped from Jeffersonville to Utica. Money will be sent today to Logansport and Peru to aid in the work of rehabilitation. An expenditure of \$500 for provisions to be sent to Leavenworth, a river town, was authorized last night.

The Governor received a telegram last night from Mayor Rudolph Blankenburg of Philadelphia, authorizing him to draw on Drexel & Co., treasurer of the city's permanent fund, for \$10,000 to be used in extending relief to the flood sufferers. The money will be accepted.

Lieutenant Governor O'Neill, whose service at Peru was praised by the citizens, went to Brookville today to assist in the relief work. Surgeon C. O. Cobb of the United States public health service returned yesterday from the town, where he went to investigate sanitary conditions. He found that the water, raging through a valley, had made such a clean sweep that the sanitary conditions were good, but he reported that the destruction of property had been great and that much money probably would be needed to replace the wrecked homes.

The Chamber of Commerce of Chicago, which has done much for the relief of both Indiana and Ohio flood sufferers, reported to Governor Ralston yesterday that it was sending 800 mattresses to Logansport.

Watch
This Space

For our hardy rose, and clematis sale, which will be soon. The recent floods have delayed some of our shipments, but it will be to your profit to wait for this sale.

Our last Saturday violet plant offer is still open.

Seymour
Greenhouses

Phone 58. Store Phone 167.

CRAMPS,
HEADACHE,
BACKACHE,

Yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa.—"I was always tired and weak and my housework was a drag. I was irregular, had cramps so bad that I would have to lie down, also a distressed feeling in lower part of back, and headache. My abdomen was sore and I know I had organic inflammation."

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier have helped me wonderfully. I don't have those pains any more and I am all right now. There are a great many women here who take your remedies and I have told others what they have done for me."—Mrs. CHAS. MCKINNON, 1013 N. 5th St. W., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

There are probably hundreds of thousands, perhaps millions of women in the United States who have been benefited by this famous old remedy, which was produced from roots and herbs over 30 years ago by a woman to relieve woman's suffering. If you are sick and need such a medicine, why don't you try it?

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

ing people scarcely time to get to their cellars.

The path of the tornado through the city is from two to six blocks wide and four and a half miles long.

Its destructiveness is not uniform, being most noticeable at intervals indicating an undulating movement of the storm cloud, rising and falling each time it struck with full force.

The damage done and the desolation left in its wake are clearly portrayed by the photographs taken the next day, and by those taken the second day after a slight snowfall.

The Tornado's Toll.

Lives lost 140.
Persons injured 350.
People homeless 2500.
Houses demolished 550.
Churches wrecked 11.
Schools wrecked 8.
Loss \$5,000,000.
Insurance \$500,000.
Houses damaged 1,250.

Twenty-five cents per week is scarcely missed. But at the maturity of the stock the dues and earnings amount to one hundred dollars. You can subscribe for as many shares as you wish to carry and thus save money regularly every week. Try it in the new series E of the Cooperative Building and Loan Association which starts Monday, April 7. See the Secretary, Thos. J. Clark, Opera House block.

a7d

We have ample supply of all sizes domestic coal on hand. Anthracite coal and coke. Orders promptly delivered. Ebner Ice & Cold Storage Co.

a20d-a3w

The remains of Mrs. Fred Ehlers arrived Wednesday night from Indianapolis and were buried at River-view this morning at 9:30 o'clock. Dr. D. L. Thomas conducted a short funeral service at the grave.

Some of the farmers are plowing for oats on the high ground. It will be several days before the bottom land can be cultivated and this will delay the planting of spring crops.

HAY'S HAIR HEALTH
THE FAVORITE

Refined Women Give This
the Preference

The easiest way to keep your hair youthful-looking, to prevent it from turning grey, is to use Hay's Hair Health. It gives absolute satisfaction and a few applications will restore natural color, give vitality to grey and faded hair and remove all traces of dandruff. Beautiful natural colored, youthful-looking hair, more than anything else, contributes to a woman's good looks.

Hay's Hair Health is keeping thousands of women's hair glossy, natural colored and beautiful. You'll never regret buying it when you see the difference it makes in your appearance.

Free: Sign this adv. and take it to the following druggists and get a 50c. bottle of Hay's Hair Health and a 25c. cake of Harina Soap, for 50c.; or \$1.00 bottle of Hay's Hair Health and two 25c. cakes of Harina Soap Free, for \$1.

C. E. LOERTZ, A. J. PELLENS.
GEO. F. MEYER.

THE OMAHA CYCLONE

Booklet of Views Showing Destruction in Storm's Path.

C. M. Ingram received this morning from his friend, Fred Metz of Omaha a book of views of the destruction wrought by the cyclone which recently visited that city. The pictures give with striking completeness the terrific destruction in the path of the storm. The following synopsis of the tornado's work is given in the booklet:

This most destructive windstorm hit Omaha about six o'clock in the evening, Easter Sunday, March 23, 1913.

To the eye it had the distinctive funnel-shaped twisting character of the typical tornado, sweeping along at a furious rate of speed.

To the ear it conveyed the sound of a crashing din and a mighty rush of water.

It was accompanied by a lurid brass-yellow luminous atmosphere followed immediately by dense darkness and a heavy down pour of rain lasting nearly an hour.

It came from the southwest crossing the city diagonally striking the most densely populated residence districts, the poorer dwellings in the lowlands, and the most beautiful homes on the hills.

Its passage was almost without warning except a sharp fall of the barometer and temperature; it came and went within a few seconds, giv-

STOUFFER'S HAND PAINTED
CHINA DINNER SETS

This Beautiful Haviland Dinner Ware is on display at our store and is made up to order any initial or monogram by the J. H. STOUFFER CO., Exclusive Hand Decorators of Fine Imported China.

PRICES VERY REASONABLE.

T. M. JACKSON
JEWELER

GEO. F. KAMMAN, Optometrist. Phone 249

Big Line Of New
Premiums Now In

Bring Your Cash Register Tickets
and Get Them Redeemed Now

Complete Line of Pittsburgh Poultry
and Field Fence On Hand—Also
Poultry Netting

Seed Potatoes, Onion Sets, Garden
Hoes and Rakes.

RAY R. KEACH

Country Store East Second St.

Reynolds' Specials

White Peaches, Diadem Brand, good, per can 15c
Peaches, Coast Brand, extra fine, per can..... 25c
Apricots, 2 pound cans, per can..... 15c
Tomato pulp, fine for soup, per can..... 5c
Asparagus, per can 15c and 25c
Peas, extra fine, per can 10c and 20c
Corn, good quality, per can..... 7½c and 15c
Tomatoes, large can, per can..... 10c and 15c
Olives, per can 10c and 25c
Garden Seed, per package 2½c and 5c
Dresden Coffee, none better, per pound 35c

Seed Potatoes, all different varieties, at Bottom Prices.

Take care of your poultry by using Carson's Poultry Tonic, 50c per bottle, guaranteed.

W. H. Reynolds

Phone 163. 21-23 S. Chestnut St.

Our Spring
SHOES AND
OXFORDS

For Men, Women and
Children are the greatest
ever shown. Come in
and look them over be-
fore buying.

PHILADELPHIA
BARGAIN STORE
Never Without a Bargain

ADVERTISE IT PAYS

In The Republican



HATS

for Spring Wear

More Than 30 Styles Worthy of Your Consideration.

All the Newer Shapes and Pretty Shadings.

\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$4.00

It is seldom any particular style is suitable for any two heads.—Our stock is so complete we have a style for every man. See our window display.

The Hub

Exclusive Men's Shop



Special Notice

Just received a fresh shipment of Strawberries, Tomatoes, Rhubarb, Radishes, Cucumbers, Green Peppers, Celery, Kale.

APPLES per peck
25, 30, 35 and 40c

Yellow and Red Seed Sweet Potatoes.
YELLOW AND WHITE ONION SETS.

MAYES' Cash GROCERY
7 WEST SECOND STREET. PHONE 658

GARDEN HOSE

We think that we have the best line of Lawn Hose made. Come in and see what you think. 10c and 18c a foot.

BEVINS

Plumbing Shop

Phone 165 When You Need a Plumber

ABTRACTER & ATTORNEY

When you sell your real estate, be sure and get an abstract made by the undersigned on his new forms, they are up to date.

C.F. Lautzenheiser
BROWNSTOWN, IND.



When we repair a watch or clock you may depend upon it if it is beyond repair we will tell you so and if it is possible to make it run right we will repair it.

We guarantee all our work. Can you afford to go elsewhere.

J. G. LAUPUS

JEWELER

ROSALYS.

If you like the odor of a fresh brown rose plucked in the dew you will be delighted with the new perfume, Rosalys. It is different from all others. We have many other flower odors, including sachets and toilet waters. It costs you nothing to inspect them.

Use Nyal Face Cream every day if you would have a fair skin, glowing with the tint of health.

Cox Pharmacy

To Chicken Owners!

Chickens are not permitted to run at large within the city limits from April 1 to Oct. 1st. Anyone violating this ordinance will be prosecuted.

add J. T. Abell, Chief of Police.

A fine line of hats ready to wear for ladies, misses and children direct from New York at The Day Light Dry Goods Store. d&wtf

Affidavits of Mortgage Exemptions. See H. A. Hodapp. Office over the Bee Hive. m6d&wtf

Fresh Oysters, Ice Cream. Sweeney's stand. o12dtt

Lawn mowers sharpened. 203 S. Chestnut street. Phone 714. a8d

Phone 621 for Ice. John J. Cobb

Spaunhurst Osteopaths

FIVE YEARS IN SEYMOUR

Osteopathy helps all, cures many, injuries none. Both lady and gentleman Osteopaths at 14 West Second St. Office phone, 557; Residence, 305.

ALL KINDS OF HATS

Straw and Panama, cleaned and blocked. 25c up.

D. DeMATTEO
1st Door E. of Trac. Sta. Phone 468.

PERSONAL.

Dr. H. R. Kyte was in Brownstown today on business.

Guy Hazzard and Erma Bush went to Indianapolis this morning.

Fred Everback made a business trip to Indianapolis this morning.

Dr. G. W. Farver made a business trip to Brownstown this morning.

Mrs. Ida Ahl has gone to Brownstown to visit Willard Wilson and family.

Lemuel E. Day left this afternoon for Wabash to visit friends until next week.

Mrs. O. D. Seelinger and son, Horace, spent Wednesday with relatives at Milan.

Miss Rose Rau went to Brownstown this morning to visit her sister, Miss Leona Rau.

Miss Margaret Haley went to Washington county this morning to visit relatives.

Mrs. Mary Abbott went to Indianapolis this morning to visit her daughter for a few days.

Mrs. Oren Swails and daughter, Virginia spent today in Brownstown with Mrs. G. W. Gunder.

Mrs. Albert McGinnis went to Milan Wednesday to spend a few days with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Emma Elrod and daughter, Miss Don, went to Columbus this morning to spend a few days.

Mrs. Harry French came from Aurora this morning to spend several days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hirtzel.


Mrs. Walter Johnson returned home last evening from Brownstown where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Oakley Allen.

Mrs. S. H. Newland of Indianapolis was the guest over night of Mrs. J. H. Matlock and went to Vallonia this morning to visit her parents.

Robert Berry returned to Cincinnati this morning after visiting his sister, Mrs. Louis Rountt and family. Mrs. Berry will remain for a longer visit.

Mr. and Mrs. John Morgan of Edna, Kas., who have been here on an extended visit with their niece, Mrs. Lucy Gorrell, left this morning for their home.


We are now ready with the largest line of coats, suits, skirts and waists. Day Light Dry Goods Store. d&wtf



April is the diamond month. If your birthday isn't in April, a diamond is a good investment anyway. We have a few that we bought right and will sell them right.

We guarantee every gem we handle to be exactly what we say it is. And you don't have to take, someone SAYS SO.

W. Stratton & Son, Jewelers



Now and here—not then and there—lies your opportunity. The Ford product has been multiplied by two-and-a-half—but the demand has been multiplied by four. If you want one for spring service you must get it now. Don't delay.

There are more than 220,000 Fords on the world's highways—the best possible testimony to their unexcelled worth. Prices—runabout \$525—touring car \$600—town car \$800 f. o. b. Detroit with complete equipment.

R. F. Buhner

Circle & High St. Phone 189.

TREASURER MAKES REPORT

Expenses of City During the Month of March Amounted to \$3,703.56.

City Treasurer C. W. Burkart has completed his financial report for March which shows it cost \$3,703.56 to operate the various departments of the city government during the past month. There was a balance of \$1,355.41 in the city treasury at the close of the month.

The report in full is given below:

RECEIPTS.	
Balance Feb. 28, 1913.....	\$1,813.39
Miscellaneous Receipts.....	3,001.50
Dog License.....	133.00
Miscellaneous License.....	101.50
Interest on Deposits.....	9.58
Total.....	\$5,058.97
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Water Rent.....	\$1,580.00
Light.....	711.32
Street Imp.....	497.94
Salary.....	395.46
Fire Dept.....	207.00
Police Dept.....	196.66
Garbage.....	53.00
Ptg. & Advg.....	32.68
Incidental.....	25.25
Prisoners.....	4.25
Total.....	\$3,703.56
Balance March 31, 1913.....	\$1,355.41
Special Fund.....	\$ 499.94
General Fund.....	855.47
Total.....	\$1,355.41

C. W. BURKART, City Treas.
March 31, 1913.

\$250,000 LOSS IN BROWN

Buildings, Cattle and Other Stock Swept Away in Flood.

The damage done to Brown county by the greatest flood in the county's history will probably reach \$250,000. Reports coming in from over the county indicate the loss may even exceed that amount. All the streams overflowed, carrying homes, barns, horses, cattle, hogs, fencing and everything in its path. It is still hard to ascertain the full amount of damage, as some distant parts of the county are entirely cut off.

Nashville is situated on Salt creek, in the valley between two ranges of hills, and half the population of five hundred rushed to the hills, through the downpour of rain and darkness. The waters came rushing down the valley as if a large levee had broken above the town. Those who were watching the rising stream gave the alarm at midnight and with difficulty people were saved, along the southern part of town, while their homes and contents were swept away.

Pathetic scenes, humorous incidents and acts of courage and heroism were not uncommon during the night. Now and then a home of some one up the valley could be seen going down the stream, and might have contained the family. The waters came up so fast that many people in the rural district were unaware of the flood until the water was in their homes, and they were compelled to flee to the attic or second stories.

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

Spring Suits

There's a legion of Men thinking spring Suit thoughts these days, and we trust that you'll pardon us if we nudge you gently and say, "How about yours."

Then we'll just add that we are ready to serve you with Clothes made to our special order by makers who have won the reputation for making the best of Clothes. We've suit conservatism for men of affairs and the limit of smart, snappy Suits making for young fellows.

The Spring Fabrics are Handsome. Models are NEW and Classy

It is a matter of personal interest to us that you look well in the Suit you buy here and our experienced Clothes Service assures it. If you'll drop in for a look you'll find that you will be as well pleased with our moderate and reasonable prices as you will with the style and excellence of our Suits.

Beacon Shoes at \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

Thomas Clothing Co.


WAKE UP!

Don't think all coal is the same just because the last ton or so that you have bought has not been as satisfactory as it should have been. Just try a ton of the kind we sell and you'll agree with us that there is a difference. When we sell you a ton of coal you get all coal, not a lot of slate and dirt. That's why it lasts longer and will please you.

RAYMOND CITY COAL
AT \$4.25 PER TON.

EBNER ICE & COLD STORAGE CO.

COAL AND ICE
PHONE No. 4.



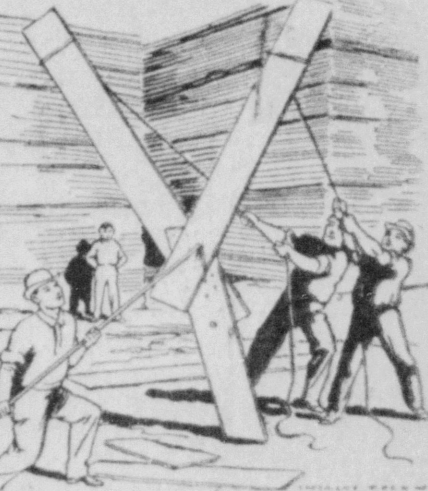
DON'T LET THE RAINY
weather find you with your shoes in bad condition. You can often avoid a bad cold or even a long sick spell by looking us up when your shoes go back on you. Don't wait until they begin to leak, but send them this way when they simply show indications. A stitch in time.

W.N. FOX

Electric Shoe Shop
120 E. Second St., Seymour, Ind.

The Racket Store

—FOR—
Flower Bulbs and Rose Bushes



DO YOU KNOW "Y"
we have been able to build up our business to its present size. We have done it by pleasing our customers, by giving them full value in return for every dollar. Can you ask for a better recommendation in selecting the dealer from whom you buy your lumber

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.

119 S. Chestnut St.

CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.
Practice Limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and Fitting Glasses.
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.
Andrews Bldg. Phone 245. Seymour, Ind.

PROTECT
YOUR
FAMILY

If you buy your land through my office in Benkelman, it means "INDEPENDENCE" to YOU in LIFE, and INDEPENDENCE to YOUR FAMILY at your death. I will enter into a contract and endorse right on your Mortgage that if you die before you get your land paid for, that all indebtedness is canceled and your family gets clear title to your land, thereby putting them in good circumstances. I know just how a man feels about going into debt and worrying about leaving his family in debt should anything happen to him.

These worries are things I am striving to alleviate for my patrons, and under my plan you have no such worries. Buy of me such a place as you want, pay what you can and make the balance up in yearly payments. If you live you know you can handle it, you know you can make your payments. Should you die, the Mortgage reads right on the face of it, that it is "PAID IN FULL" and your family starts off free from debt.

Partial List of the Fine Farms and Unimproved Land Offered For Sale

F-26.
FINE IMPROVED HALF SECTION
 320 Acres, 4 miles from Benkelman, in splendid neighborhood. Has 5-room frame house, big new barn; well, windmill and tank; orchard fenced in with woven wire; fenced and cross fenced. All but sixty acres lays fine. Well located on main road, rural mail delivery and telephone line, and is close to school. Price only \$60 per acre. Good terms.

F-34.
PARTLY IMPROVED HALF SECTION.
 320 Acres, 7½ miles from Benkelman. One quarter is very fine, smooth, strong land. The other quarter is rolling and only suitable for pasture. The improvements consist of a small frame house, stable and some fencing, probably worth \$600. This is a good deal at the price, and will make the buyer money. Price \$30 per acre.

F-21.
WELL IMPROVED QUARTER SECTION.
 160 Acres, 6 miles from Benkelman, on main traveled road, rural mail delivery and telephone line. Located in a well settled neighborhood, and lays smooth, every foot of which is good, tillable land. 120 acres under cultivation. This farm is all fenced and cross fenced and has a good frame house 24x32 in good condition. Barn, well, windmill and tank. Good road to town. At the price quoted, it is a bargain and will make the buyer money. Price \$50 per acre.

F-22.
FINE IMPROVED HALF SECTION
 320 Acres, 7 miles from Benkelman. Has big two story frame house, costing \$1,500. Barn, well, windmill, tank, etc. Small orchard. 200 acres of this farm is under cultivation. Buildings occupy a slightly location and is located in a good, prosperous neighborhood. The owner of this farm is now old and wishes to retire and go back to Germany to live. Price only \$45 per acre.

F-28.
ANOTHER GOOD HALF SECTION.
 320 Acres, 15 miles from town, located in good neighborhood. No improvements, but a very good piece of land. Nearly all can be farmed. Price \$20 per acre.

F-15.
SPLENDID UNIMPROVED QUARTER SECTION.
 160 Acres, 2½ miles from Max, Nebraska, the first town east of Benkelman. 125 acres fine farming land, but not broken. Balance suitable for pasture. Located in good neighborhood, and the town of Max is in plain sight from this land. 640 acres adjoining this is held at \$35 per acre. Price of this land is only \$30 per acre on fair terms.

F-17.
GOOD EIGHTY. MAKE A NICE DAIRY FARM.
 80 Acres, 6 miles from Benkelman. One half of which is fine smooth strong land. Good heavy loam. Balance only suitable for pasture as it is rolling. Land is well located and commands a beautiful view of the Republican River Valley. Price \$30 per acre cash.

F-20.
DANDY 400 ACRE RANCH PROPOSITION.
 400 Acres, situated 4 miles from Parks, Neb., the first town west of Benkelman. Lays somewhat rolling, but is good, heavy loam soil. 160 acres tillable and 60 acres broken. Fenced and has small house. Price only \$30 per acre.

F-9.
A SPLENDID UNIMPROVED FORTY-ACRE TRACT.
 40 Acres, situated 6 miles from Benkelman, on main road. This land is all smooth, heavy strong loam soil, but not broken. Occupies a splendid location commanding a beautiful view of the Republican River Valley. Would make a dandy dairy farm and chicken ranch. Price only \$35 per acre.

F-33.
FINE 650 ACRE RANCH.
 657 Acres, 14 miles from Haigler in this county, the railroad town and banking point. 125 acres under cultivation, and the balance is hay land and pasture. The improvements are new and good. House is 26x28, five rooms, barn 16x28 with mow room for 5 tons of hay, granary, chicken house, etc. Well, windmill and tank. 4 miles fencing. Combined farming and ranching is a big money-making proposition in this country and this place is a bargain at the price. \$20 per acre.

F-31.
SPLENDID 800 ACRES.
 800 Acres, 6 miles from Benkelman, well improved. Lays smooth and level and gently rolling. Good heavy black loam soil. This is a fine lay out and the price is very reasonable. \$40 per acre. If interested will furnish plat of this with complete description. It is a fine place.

R-2.
GOOD HOMESTEAD RELINQUISHMENT.
 320 Acres, 11 miles from Akron, Colo., a county seat town of 1,000 people, on main line of the Burlington Railway and only three miles from Xenia siding. This is a good piece of land and when proved up on, should be worth close to \$5,000. There is a small house on the place. Under the new law, only three years is required to prove up, and 5 months' absence is allowed each year. Price \$1,800 cash.

F-19.
IMPROVED HALF SECTION.
 This 320 Acre farm is situated 4 miles from Max, the first town east of Benkelman. Improvements are just fair. One half of this farm lays as level as the floor and is a good heavy black loam soil. The balance lays somewhat rolling but not rough. Is excellent pasture land. This farm is well located on main traveled road and telephone line, and is surrounded by good farms. Price \$30 per acre.

F-14.
FINE QUARTER OF IRRIGATED BOTTOM LAND.
 160 Acres, 3 miles from Benkelman on main road. This is all first class bottom land on the second bench above the river and is above overflow. 50 acres broken. Balance in hay meadow and pasture. All but 30 acres of this land can be irrigated and ditch runs through the land with water rights. This land is well adapted for alfalfa, fruit, sugar beets, potatoes, truck or general farming and stock-raising. It is the only first-class piece of bottom land with ditch in the valley to be had at a reasonable price. Some land here not as good and without water rights has sold for \$100 per acre. Irrigation is not necessary in this country for general farming, but is valuable adjunct in starting alfalfa and in growing sugar beets. Price \$75, with water rights.

F-11.
A WELL IMPROVED 40-ACRE FARM.
 This 40 is situated 8 miles from Benkelman on main road, rural mail delivery and telephone line. Practically all under cultivation. Has a good house 16x24, well, windmill, tank, etc. Land is all under fence. Other land can be rented for additional farming on share rent if desired. Well located. Price \$50 per acre.

F-27.
320 ACRES 6 MILES FROM TOWN.
 320 Acres, 6 miles from Benkelman. Unimproved. Soil is good but lays somewhat rolling, but all can be farmed. Located in good neighborhood and the town of Benkelman is in plain sight. Price only \$25 per acre.

F-30.
160 ACRES 12 MILES FROM BENKELMAN.
 160 Acres, 12 miles from Benkelman, one half of which is in good farming land. Balance good pasture. No improvements. In good neighborhood. Price \$20 per acre.

F-18.
DANDY IMPROVED QUARTER SECTION.
 160 Acre farm, 6 miles from Benkelman. Located in a good neighborhood, on rural mail route, telephone line, etc. Has a good house, built cottage style, 24x24; good barn with mow room and some other improvements. 100 acres under cultivation. Soil is a good heavy strong loam and lays fine. All can be farmed if broken out. Price \$45 per acre.

F-36.
TWO GOOD 40 ACRE TRACTS.
 These 40's are located 11 miles from Benkelman, in a good neighborhood. Good road to town. None broken and no improvements. Price \$25 per acre for one or both.

Hotel bills and railroad fares both ways paid to buyers.

If you see nothing on this list to suit, advise me what you would like to get and the price you wish to pay, and I will submit others.

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.
 The undersigned, Gaylord F. Crozier, Executor of the estate of Alice K. Smith, deceased, pursuant to an order of the Jackson Circuit Court, of Jackson County, Indiana, will receive sealed bids at the law office of O. H. Montgomery, Seymour, Indiana, until Saturday, May 3, 1913, at ten o'clock a. m. for the sale at private auction of the following described real estate, being six houses and three vacant lots, belonging to said estate and situate in the city of Seymour in Jackson County in the State of Indiana, to wit:

Lots number Four (4) and Five (5) in Block Twenty-six (26) in Saltmarsh's Addition to the city of Seymour, together with the nine room, two-story frame house thereon, and known as No. 617 North Ewing street.

Lot number Six (6) in Block Twenty-six (26) in Saltmarsh's Addition to the city of Seymour, together with the five room, one-story frame house thereon, and known as No. 621 North Ewing street.

Lot number Nine (9) in Block Twenty-six (26) in Saltmarsh's Addition to the city of Seymour, together with the five room, one-story frame house thereon, and known as No. 631 North Ewing street.

Lot number Nineteen (19) in Block Twenty-six (26) in Saltmarsh's Addition to the city of Seymour, being a vacant lot.

Lot number Twenty (20) in Block Twenty-six (26) in Saltmarsh's Addition to the city of Seymour, being a vacant lot.

Lot number Twenty-one (21) in Block Twenty-six (26) in Saltmarsh's Addition to the city of Seymour, being a vacant lot.

Lot number Twenty-two (22) in Block Twenty-six (26) in Saltmarsh's Addition to the city of Seymour, together with the two story, six room frame house thereon, and known as No. 14 Booth street.

Also the north half of Lot number One Hundred and Twenty-four in Block "W" in the city of Seymour, together with the four room, one-story frame house thereon, and known as No. 516 North Ewing street.

Also, beginning at the northwest corner of Lot number Five Hundred and Twenty-two (522) in Block Nineteen (19), in the city of Seymour, Indiana; thence extending south along the west side of said lot a distance of fifty (50) feet; thence east parallel with the north line of said lot a distance of one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence north fifty (50) feet; thence east on the north line of said lot one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the place of beginning, together with the five room, one-story frame house thereon, and known as No. 646 North Ewing street.

Each of the above lots is fifty feet front and runs back to an alley, with the exception of said half lot, which is twenty-five feet front.

TERMS OF SALE.
 One-third cash, one-third in six months, and one-third in twelve months from day of sale, deferred payments to be evidenced by notes of purchaser bearing six per cent. interest from their date, waiving relief and providing for attorney's fees, and upon confirmation of sale secured by mortgage on real estate sold. Sale to be made free of liens except November 1912 taxes, payable in November 1913, and all subsequent taxes.

Separate bids upon each or any of the above described tracts will be received. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. Bids may be left at the law office of O. H. Montgomery, Seymour, Indiana, or mailed to the undersigned at Madison, Indiana. Sale subject to confirmation by the Jackson Circuit Court. O. H. Montgomery and E. S. Roberts, Attorneys for Executor.

Gaylord F. Crozier
 Executor of the Estate of Alice K. Smith, Deceased.
 at 8-15-22d Madison, Indiana.

Don't be surprised if you have an attack of rheumatism this spring. Just rub the affected parts freely with Chamberlain's Liniment and it will soon disappear. Sold by all dealers.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the Judge of the Circuit Court of Jackson County, State of Indiana, Administrator of the estate of Clara McDonald, late of Jackson County, Indiana, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent. WILLIAM M. CASEY, Administrator. March 26, 1913. a17w

Better Off.
 "Are you better off for getting married?"
 "Yes; formerly I had good quarters."
 "And now?"
 "Well, now I have a better half."—Exchange.

For rheumatism you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Liniment. Try it and see how quickly it gives relief. For sale by all dealers.

Bigamy.
 Effie—Papa, a man who has a wife too much is a bigamist, is he not? Papa (thoughtfully)—Not always, dear.

SHAVING OUTFIT
COUPON

EXCLUSIVELY FOR READERS OF
SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN,
THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1913.

Six Coupons From Consecutive Issues Constitute a Set.
Coupons not valid after Allotment is gone.

Present the above coupon, together with five others from consecutive issues and the nominal expense fee mentioned below, and get choice of the Never Fail Shaving Outfits including Automatic Sharpener.

GUARANTEED SHAVING OUTFITS

CLAUSS NEVER FAIL AUTOMATIC RAZOR SHARPENER—mechanically and scientifically perfect—automatically sharpens every kind of old style and safety razor—only machine with a compound leverage and specially treated leather that quickly insures a keen, velvety, superb shaving edge—very sharpener-roller bearing throughout making it a remarkably easy runner.

NEVER FAIL FOLDING SAFETY RAZOR—triple silver plated, new style—simple and durable—handle properly balanced and weighted—correct angle blade holder. Only folding safety razor on the market, and fits into handsome thin vest-pocket-size case. Six best Swedish steel blades—guaranteed. Equals Outfit priced up to \$6.00.

CLAUSS N. F. OLD STYLE RAZOR—combines quality, finish, style, shape. Hand forged, perfect edge, high blue polished blade, standard width. Equals the best razor blade made.

NEVER FAIL RUBBER MESSAGE BRUSH—best grade red rubber. Flat ended, tapering teeth—two hundred "little fingers" to soften the toughest beard. No irritation. Develops facial muscles. Removes wrinkles and lines. Also for general massaging. Regular 25c value.

COMBINATION—A

1—Clauss Never Fail Automatic Razor Sharpener, Regular \$3 value—
1—Never Fail Folding Safety Razor, including thin pocket case and 6 guaranteed blades—similar outfit priced up to \$6—
1—Never Fail Rubber Massage Brush and "Beard Softener", regular 25c value—

Expense fee
\$1.69

SIX CONSECUTIVE COUPONS

COMBINATION—B

1—Clauss Never Fail Automatic Razor Sharpener, Regular \$3 value—
1—Clauss N. F. Old Style Razor, hand forged, best quality steel, equal to the best—
1—Never Fail Rubber Massage Brush and "Beard Softener", regular 25c value—

Expense fee
\$1.69

SIX CONSECUTIVE COUPONS

EAST GRASSY.
 Mrs. Wm. H. Johnson and son spent a few days with her brother, Andrew Rutherford in Washington county last week.

Jess M. Collins purchased a mare in Jennings county last week.

Miss Hattie Rucker spent last week with her sister, Mrs. R. E. Johnson.

Elmore Meeks sold a span of mules to Andy Johnson near Chestnut Ridge last week.

Jesse M. Collins graded the pike from the river bridge to Beldon-Thompson corner last week.

Tom Briner will move into Jasper Thompson's tenant house this week if the weather permits.

H. P. Sayler purchased a couple of Jersey cows at the White's sale last week.

Henry Leerkamp sold his place to Mr. Lett last week.

Mrs. C. B. Lewis received a box of fine apples from her parents in the West last week.

On account of the heavy rains the supervisors will have to do some extra work in repairing the bridges on account of the washouts.

Owen Johnson received his up-to-date buggy last week.

\$100 REWARD, \$100
 The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
 Sold by all druggists, 75c.
 Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

Notice of Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.
 The undersigned administrator of the estate of Huldah Johnson, deceased, hereby gives notice that by virtue of an order of the Jackson Circuit Court, he will at the hour of one o'clock p. m. on Thursday, April 17, 1913 at the hereinafter described real estate located at 305 Mill street, city of Seymour.

Offer at public sale the following described real estate, in Jackson County, State of Indiana, to wit:—

The East Half of Lot Number Two (2) in Block "J" city of Seymour. Said sale will be made subject to the approval of said court, for not less than Two Thirds of the appraised value of said real estate, and upon the following terms and conditions. All of said purchase price to be paid cash.

At the same time and place I will offer at public sale all of the household goods and furniture of said decedent.

John H. Kamman,
 Administrator Huldah Johnson, Deceased.

OPENS UP NOSTRILS, CLEARS HEAD, ENDS COLDS OR CATARRH AT ONCE.
 Instantly Relieves Swollen, Inflamed Nose, Head, Throat—You Breathe Freely—Dull Headache Goes—Nasty Discharge Stops.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm."
 Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache will disappear. By morning! the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake to-night struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucus dropping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

Special agents, The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Advertisement.

Advertised List.
 The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter Office:

LADIES.
 Mrs. Jos. R. Bobbett.
 Mrs. Mary L. Coffman.
 Miss Ruth Johnson.

MEN.
 J. M. Blake.
 Gilbert Domells.
 W. Hand Co.
 H. S. Hayson.
 Henry Lamping.
 EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.

Why He Was Late
 "What made you so late?"
 "I met Smithson."
 "Well, that is no reason why you should be an hour late getting home to supper."
 "I know, but I asked him how he was feeling, and he insisted on telling me about his stomach trouble."
 "Did you tell him to take Chamberlain's Tablets?"
 "Sure, that is what he needs." Sold by all dealers.

Advertisement.

Cortland Charge.
 Sunday Preaching Services.
 Surprise at 10:30 a. m.
 Hometown at 2:30 p. m.
 Pleasant Grove at 7:30 p. m.
 REV. C. H. ROSE, Pastor.

You will look a good while before you find a better medicine for coughs and colds than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Try it when you have a cough or cold, and you are certain to be pleased with the prompt cure which it will effect. For sale by all dealers.

Advertisement.

H. G. MATTESON, Benkelman, Nebraska

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.



ROYAL Baking Powder

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar, and absolutely pure.

Gives to food that peculiar lightness, sweetness, and delicious flavor noticed in the finest bread, cake, biscuit, rolls, crusts, etc., which expert pastry cooks declare is unobtainable by the use of any other leavening agent.

STATE AID MEANS BETTER HIGHWAYS

Well Improved Roads Add to Value of Farm Property and Are Beneficial to the People Generally.

PLAN HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL

Taken to be First Step in Federal Co-operation in Road Building—Interstate Travel.

State aid in the improvement of highways does not mean a donation of public funds for local purposes, it means that the State pays its share

of the cost of such improvement, the amount of the share being determined by the legislature in enacting the law, in accordance with the proportion of benefits derived by the State, as compared with the benefits to the immediate locality.

When New Jersey inaugurated the State Aid system, more than twenty years ago, the proper division of the expense of constructing good roads was considered to be one third each to State, county and township. A number of States have adopted practically the same idea, while others have held that a larger share should be paid by the State. Still others give arbitrary bonuses, and others direct appropriations.

But the underlying principle is the same. It is the realization that the public highway is a matter of State concern and that its improvement benefits all the people of the State. The construction of good roads between two populous centers enables the farmers along or tributary to that road to get their produce to market

easily and cheaply. The farmer receives a benefit he can see and reckon in figures, in the increased value of his property, in the saving in marketing his crops, in the increased production due to ease in marketing, and in social advantages which good roads enhance and bad roads diminish.

If the benefit were confined to the farmer there would be no occasion for State Aid. He could be told to build his own roads, and reap his reward.

But marketing crops and hauling home supplies, is but one factor, though perhaps it may be called the primary one. The market town which is the converging point of improved roads leading from the country, enjoys the same proportion of increased valuations, increased business and therefore increased profits as does the farmer. The railroad or other transportation line receives its profit in the increased business and the regularity with which it can be presented for transport, avoiding both the congestion and dearth which invariably result when general marketing is limited to given periods when the roads are passable.

In turn, the economic advantage of good roads extends not only to the people of the local villages and cities, but to the greater commercial and industrial centers as well. All classes of consumers profit by the advantage of better and more regular markets, and consequently more stable prices.

"The people are the State", whatever contributes to the welfare and happiness of the people is a matter of

State concern. The State profits directly by the creation of additional taxable valuations both in country and city, and by the increased volume of business which results from the building of roads, thus enhancing the State revenues from other sources. All classes of people profit by the increased purchasing power of producers on farm and in factory, giving rise to larger volumes of business and more general prosperity.

Formerly, when highway traffic was confined to horse drawn vehicles the range of daily travel rarely exceeded 25 or 30 miles a day. Now, with automobiles and motor trucks, ten times the distance is not unusual. This means the bringing of commercial and social interests closer together, and the practical obliteration, so far as road users are concerned, of local lines of demarcation of political divisions. In other words the highway is becoming more and more of interest to a far wider public than could have been comprehended a score of years ago.

With the advantage thus accruing to the State, and to the people as a whole, in the same practical ratio as to the individual in front of whose farm it runs; with travel that is state wide using the roads in constantly increasing volume, it must be apparent that the people as a whole, that is, the State, should bear a fair and just proportion of the cost.

State Aid in road building means that the dwellers in cities pay their share toward the cost of the public improvement by which they profit.

The same course of reasoning, carried to its logical conclusion, involves the consideration of National co-operation in road building.

The enhancement of wealth, and of producing and consequent consuming capacity on the part of the people constitutes prosperity for the Nation on account of road improvement.

In view, therefore, of these facts, and the further fact that interstate travel is developing with wonderful rapidity, Federal co-operation in highway building seems certain to be adopted in the near future.

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. David P. Weekly, of Cortland, Wednesday, April 2, a daughter.

The home of Mrs. Fred Strang at Terre Haute was flooded and much of the furniture ruined. Mrs. Strang was Miss Faye Arnold before her marriage.

Mrs. Joe Robbins returned to Brownstown this morning after spending a week here with her daughter, Miss Gertrude Robbins. Mr. and Mrs. Robbins are arranging to move to this city in about two weeks for future residence.

Joe Kirbert, Carroll Bush, Harry Allen, employees of the B. & O. S-W., who have been marooned by the high water at Washington for several days, came home this morning. They walked part of the way and rode hand cars and trains when they could.

One of the peculiar freaks of the flood occurred near Houston, when Salt Creek reached its high stage on Monday night. Wm. Cornett having ascertained that his live stock were safe went down to his neighbor's, Chas. Cross, after midnight to warn him of the danger and see if his live stock was safe. When they went to Mr. Cross, barn they found a cow in the stable but Mr. Cross at once saw that it was not his. Upon closer examination it proved to be Mr. Cornett's cow. The sudden rush of water had carried Mr. Cross' cow from his barn and at the same time floated Mr. Cornett's cow to the Cross stable. Mr. Cross' cow was afterward found about a mile down stream, and both cows were saved.

Marriage License.

John H. Buhner to Marietta C. Sawyer, both of Seymour.

Herman H. Rueter, of Brownstown township, to Clara S. Dell, of Washington township.

Edward H. D. Hinnefeld, of Brownstown township, to Matilda A. S. Hackman, of Grassy Fork township.

Charles O. Sharr, of Freetown, to Anna B. Lockhart, of Brownstown township.

Monday, April 7 marks the next opportunity offered Seymour citizens to save money systematically and have the savings earn interest from the very start. The stockholders pay in 25 cents per share each week and these accumulated payments are loaned on first mortgage security and the earnings credited as dividends to the stock every three months. See the Secretary, Thos. J. Clark, Opera House block. a7d

Silks, dress goods, poplins of all kinds at reduced prices. Day Light Dry Goods Store. d&wtf

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

HELP WANTED
LOST AND FOUND,
FOR SALE, TO LET

LOST—Gold belt pin, with yellow set. Reward. Return here. a5d&w

FOUND—Bunch of keys. Owner may have same by calling at Republican office and paying for this ad. a3d

WANTED—To buy 200 Indian Runner ducks at once. W. C. Dailey, Seymour, Ind. m6th&wktf

WANTED—Spirella waist worker. Mrs. Adelia White, 112 W. 5th St., Seymour. a7d

FOR SALE—Sewing machine \$3.50; couch \$8.00; mirror \$5.00; gasoline range \$6.00; Perfection oil stove \$5.00; kitchen cabinet \$6.50; Morris chair \$8.00. 203 S. Chestnut street. Phone 714. a4d

FOR SALE—or trade, 8 good lots, high and dry, good street and city water and light. North Booth street and Indianapolis Avenue. Inquire of H. Kasperlain. Phone 280. m12d&wtf

FOR SALE—Six hole Buicks Coal Range in good condition, \$12.50. Revin Plumbing Shop. Phone 165 when you want a plumber. a3d

FOR SALE—Barred Rock eggs, pure bred, 30c per setting of 15. Geo. Stahl, Phone 1000-28. s&th-a30d

FOR SALE—Three volumes of Engineers Books. Cheap. Phone 732. 223 Maple street. a2dtf

MONEY—to loan on city or farm property. Lowest interest rate. See H. A. Hodapp Office over the Bee Hive. Phones, Office 223, Residence 751-R. m6d&wtf

VACUUM CLEANING—New Electric machine. Work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Phone 453 or 692. M5d

CONCRETE—And tile work. Joseph Burkart. a3d

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robt Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	Max.	Min.
April 3, 1913	82	48

Weather Indications

For Indiana: Showers and thunder showers tonight, colder northwest portion, Friday showers and colder.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

SURPRISED.

Miss Nellie Heitman was very pleasantly surprised yesterday evening at her home on North Poplar street by a company of twenty of her friends. The evening was spent in games and music. Refreshments were served. Miss Heitman received many handsome presents from the guests.

Those present: Edna Banta, Irene Norbeck, Mayne Decker, Marguerite Springer, Nellie Trobrocke, Marietta and Nellie Heitman, Harold Meyer, Verne Norbeck, William Meyers, Arthur Bartlett and Albert Williams.

MINORS PURCHASE LIQUOR

Laws Have Been Frequently Violated, According to Reports.

The liquor laws relative to selling to minors are frequently violated in Seymour, according to complaints which have been made. It is said that several boys, all of whom are under twenty-one years of age, have purchased liquor at various times recently, and that no question was asked regarding their age. Under the law a liquor dealer can be punished for this offense even though he did not know that the boy was under age.

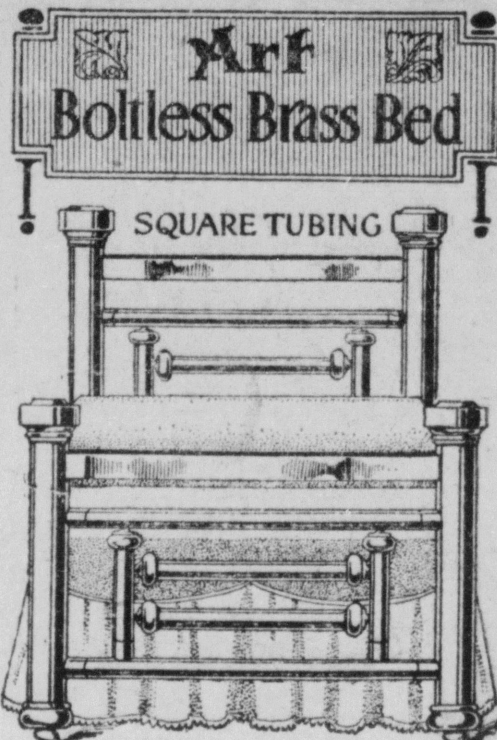
Rain Interferes With Work.

The rain today has interfered to some extent with the repair work on the railroad and traction lines. The trackmen lost very little time, but the additional rain will keep the ground soft and will delay the rebuilding of the tracks in the low places.

Affidavits of Mortgage Exemptions. See H. A. Hodapp. Office over the Bee Hive. m12d&wtf

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.



Price 5

Here is a beautiful brass bed which is double value because its construction is as good as its appearance.

You can not find a screw or bolt in it anywhere because it is of the famous

Boltless Construction

That means not only an infinitely better looking bed, but much greater durability because there are no bolts or screws to work loose and get lost.

You cannot afford to buy a bed without knowing all about this wonderful boltless brass bed construction.

Come in and let us show you this beautiful design and explain the advantages to you in the way this bed is built.

HEIDEMAN



NEW LINE OF

BICYCLES

Best on the Market

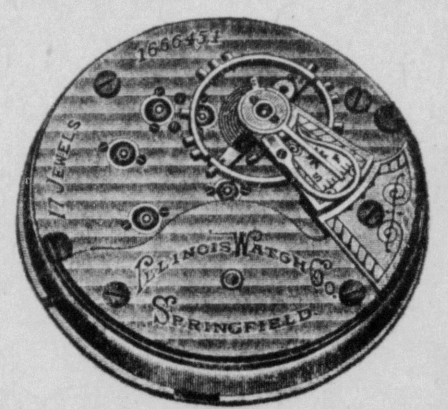
Priced from \$20 to \$35

BUY A NEW BICYCLE

W. A. Carter & Son

Opposite Interurban Station

SPECIAL



18 Size, 17 Jewel in 20 Year Case \$15.00 Nickel Case \$11.00

T. R. HALEY, Jeweler

10 E. 2nd St. Phone 739

Plumbing,

Heating, Gas Fitting

CALL

J. A. Quinn & Co.

PHONE 237

NOBLE HAYS

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

OPPOSITE TRACTION STATION.

General Practice Solicited.

NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE

Look! HOME MADE CLOTHES

Guaranteed Fit. \$18. up.

We clean and press your old clothes and make them look like new.

D. DeMATTEO

1st Door E. of Trac. Sta. Phone 468.

Booth Tarkington's New Novel

A romance of
American life just issued

THE FLIRT

By the Author of "Monsieur Beaucaire," "The Gentleman from Indiana," etc.

CORA MADISON was made that way—she couldn't help it. No matter how inconsequential to her you might be, still, if you were a male, you were legitimate game and she would practice every art of fascination that she knew. Some eternal law within her demanded your homage—your complete subjection to her loveliness. Her only grief was to find you impervious. Once you succumbed, her interest waned and you were allowed to join those other satellites that followed in her wake, but might never cease to follow except at her severe displeasure.

Valentine Corliss, suave, European in manner, reputed rich, fell subject as all the rest. But Corliss was playing a little game of his own, and he had no intention of wrecking it for a woman. He perceived the advantage of having Cora's wiles at his command, and so he made love to her. But he took one false step—and thereby hangs the tale.

Cora has a small brother, too, Hedrick, who doesn't know what it is to sleep on the job. He adds zest to a story that is full of the charm of real people.

It is an American romance—and who knows better than Booth Tarkington how to do that?

Published
by Doubleday,
Page & Company
Garden City, New York.

For Sale at our own Book Shop, in the new Penna. Station, New York City.

Just
Out.
Illustrated.
Net \$1.25
AT ALL
BOOK SHOPS